



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
NOTICE OF INFORMATION FROM OTHER SOURCES

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To: **BUYER:**
BUYER:

From: **ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD** (Broker)

Property Address: **341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE, SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070**

Date: **May 2, 2017**

(1) Broker obtained the attached information, identified as **SELLERS DISCLOSURE PACKAGE INCLUDING TAR FORMS: 2501, PROPERTY HISTORY PER SELLER, TOPO, METES & BOUNDS, 1406, 1407, 1506, 1906, 1917, 1414, 2507, 2508, 1928, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2509, 2513, & NOTICE REGARDING** from **OAK WILT IN CENTRAL TEXAS, from SELLER. NOTICE AND GENERAL INFORMATION FORMS FROM TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS.**

(2) Broker has relied on the attached information and does not know and has no reason to know that the information is false or inaccurate except: **NONE.**

(3) **Broker does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy of the attached information. Do not rely on the attached information without verifying its accuracy.**

ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD

Broker

By:

ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD

Receipt of this notice is acknowledged by:

Signature Date
BUYER:

Signature Date
BUYER:



11/2/2015

Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate licensees to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- **A BROKER** is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- **A SALES AGENT** must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of each party to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - any coincidental information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Licensed Broker /Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Buyer/Tenant/Seller/Landlord Initials		Date	

Regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission

Information available at www.trec.texas.gov

AS PER SELLER

A little History:

The original homestead consisted of 1000+ acres, owned by Heinrich and Natalia Leismann.

Heinrich traveled with parents, from Germany to the US at age 6, losing his mother in route. At age 18 he was given this piece of property by his father. He met and married Natalia who came to the US in like, losing both of her parents in route and was raised in an orphanage close to Boerne. Together they raised 5 children on this property.

Walter, middle son died from pneumonia at age 21, after breaking ribs in a buggy accident. He, Heinrich and Natalia are buried just to the South of this property along with a stillborn infant of a visiting niece.

The 1800 house was first built as a two room, dog-run, style home around 1849-52. Cedar timbers from the first dwelling Heinrich built, a log cabin (located just North of the tank) were used in ceiling, floor and window applications. As their family grew, two more rooms were added to the main dwelling.

In the early 1920s, after the death of Natalia, the property was purchased by Ben and Ada Studer of "Studer Photography", San Antonio. They refashioned the home, covering all rock with stucco, adding a screened porch across the front, enlarging the 2 story barn, building a second small barn and garage. It is said that when Ada threw a party in the early days, you could see the lights from Blanco Proper! It is believed she entertained Will Rogers and Wiley Post here as well as San Antonio and Austin dignitaries. This was one of 5 hill country ranches owned by the couple. After Ben Studer's death, Ada married Ben Ward. Neither marriage produced children.

The Garage later became a smaller home to accommodate Ms Studer-Ward as the 1800 house fell into decline. Ada lived to the age of 100 years, selling the 1000 acres to Roper Properties, with the stipulation that the original homestead be sold separately before development. We are the third family to occupy the homestead.

We purchased the property in 1999 and fell in love with the history, the main dwelling and the possibilities.

We lived in the small 2 bedroom home while becoming familiar with the property and letting it guide us to the renovation you see today. We carefully cleared overgrown live Oaks, cleaned overstuffed barns and repaired dilapidated structures. It has been an act of love and appreciation that we restored and rebuilt this beautiful hill country property.

In the 1800 home, we dismantled down to the original cedar-Plank ceilings and rock walls. The crumbling plaster fell in sheets as the restorers hit them with sledge hammers. The stone reappointed with “Fredricksburg grout”. The ceilings and large cedar posts cleaned/sealed and left in their original beauty. The long leaf pine floors were carefully removed and repurposed in the Kitchen as cabinet fronts by cabinet maker Charles Weston. Charles also fashioned many pieces for James Avery Jewelry. Modern utilities; electric, water, sewer were installed and a new concrete slab was poured between the original walls. Reclaimed long leaf pine beams were purchased, milled in Burnet and used as flooring in all but 2 rooms of the 1800 wing.

Entry doors, interior sliding doors and master bath cabinets were designed and crafted by cabinet maker, Charles Weston. Mesquite and alder wood were chosen for their rich beauty and durability. Sinks and bathing tubs were original to the house. Two original light fixtures were also repurposed; one in the European bathing room and the other in the powder room off the kitchen.

Original shaker shingles were removed, new decking applied to the roof and a new metal replicating the original tin roof rather than a new standing seam design was installed.

The screened porch was removed and the front porch restored to the original intent, a wonderful place to sit and watch the world go by.

The addition, added by Ada StuderWard, to the East of the Original structure was left and serves now as the laundry, utility and bathing rooms. Above, stone stairs lead to a wonderful deck to watch shooting stars or just relax and enjoy the breeze.

The new addition, designed by us with the help of Chris Austin and Jim Kissling Architecture was constructed in 2001-2002. The walls double framed to compliment the 18" stone walls of original structure with deep set windows.

Repurposed cedar timbers were used as doorway and window headers and as a compliment to the Kitchen stove.

Hardware pulls are natural stone. Counter tops Terrazzo with granite and stainless steel chips.

Floors: stained concrete, stone and longleaf pine. Ceilings throughout the new wing are a mix of longleaf and knotty pine milled in Burnet Texas. The entry ceiling was fashioned using reclaimed painted tin from one of the implement barns. The painted and rusty tin once sealed gives a unique beauty with lasting quality. The fire place mantle was designed and built by a local Blanco craftsman using sizing screen and wagon implements found on the premises. There is a split system of HVAC between the 1800 and 2000 home. You will find the original Rock Structure is easy to maintain a constant temperature.

West Porch is a favorite gathering place to watch our beautiful Texas Sunsets, while enjoying the shade of old Oak pal trees and cross breeze from the South. Wild turkey, deer and other native animals can be seen crossing the pasture.

Large guest house attached via breezeway to the main house, was remodeled from a garage into a two bedroom house in 1963 and remodeled by us in 2004. We left most of the structure as was with the following exceptions.

Roof was raised throughout, to accommodate the design of the main house and interior ceiling was redesigned from an 8ft flat to a vaulted wood ceiling in the main living area.

Bathroom: floor completely removed, old plumbing replaced and new lateral lines established. Lavatory was designed using a desk left by Ms. Studer-Ward and a sink found in the barn. The square tub was found on property.

The fireplace was repaired and chimney raised. Mantel and hearth are original.

Tile was replaced in 2011 and carpet in 2013.

Small room attached on West Porch: This was enclosed and has been used as bedroom, maids quarters, exercise room and office over the years. It has bath and laundry. It is cooled by a window unit.

Cowboy House: which was original well house/workers cabin was in much need of repair and was one of the strongest disagreements we had restoring the property. Tear it down or try to restore? Restore won and it was enlarged, using original rock from another dilapidated structure on the property. New roof and porch added. Exterior ceilings in main area are from old fence railings. Walls and ceilings in bed and bath repurposed from beadboard removed from 1920 renovation in 1800 home. Left as found and sealed. Cabinet covering well head built with mini kitchen and concrete countertop applied. Bed is original bed of Heinrich and Natalia Leismann. The arrowheads and tooled stones and fossils were found on the property as we cleared and refurbished.

Barn/Log Cabin: Barn was original to the estate and refashioned by Studer-Wards. The South overhang and 4 stalls were added in 2004 and a new application of tin installed to roof and sides. New Electric wiring/lights installed 2004. The three huge live oaks to the West of the Barn area were aged as 300+ years. Log Cabin was used for curing meat. We cleaned, grouted and finished the interior with new floor, ceiling and electricity. It has been used as a sleeping room, office and now hunting equipment storage.

Party Barn: Was built by Ed and Ada Ward in the 40s. This structure had collapsed and was another debate on keep or remove. Keep won and it was rebuilt from repurposed rock and tin. Fireplace, Guest quarters with bath,

laundry and large walk-in closet added. Anderson Windows were installed by SW exterior in 2015. It is heated and cooled by window unit and has a fully kitchen. Many grandchildren sleep overs and birthday and graduation parties held here. So happy we decided to rebuild!

Three Car Garage: Was constructed in 2006. It has three separate wooden doors, storage room, green house and attached RV port.

Each living structure has own septic system.

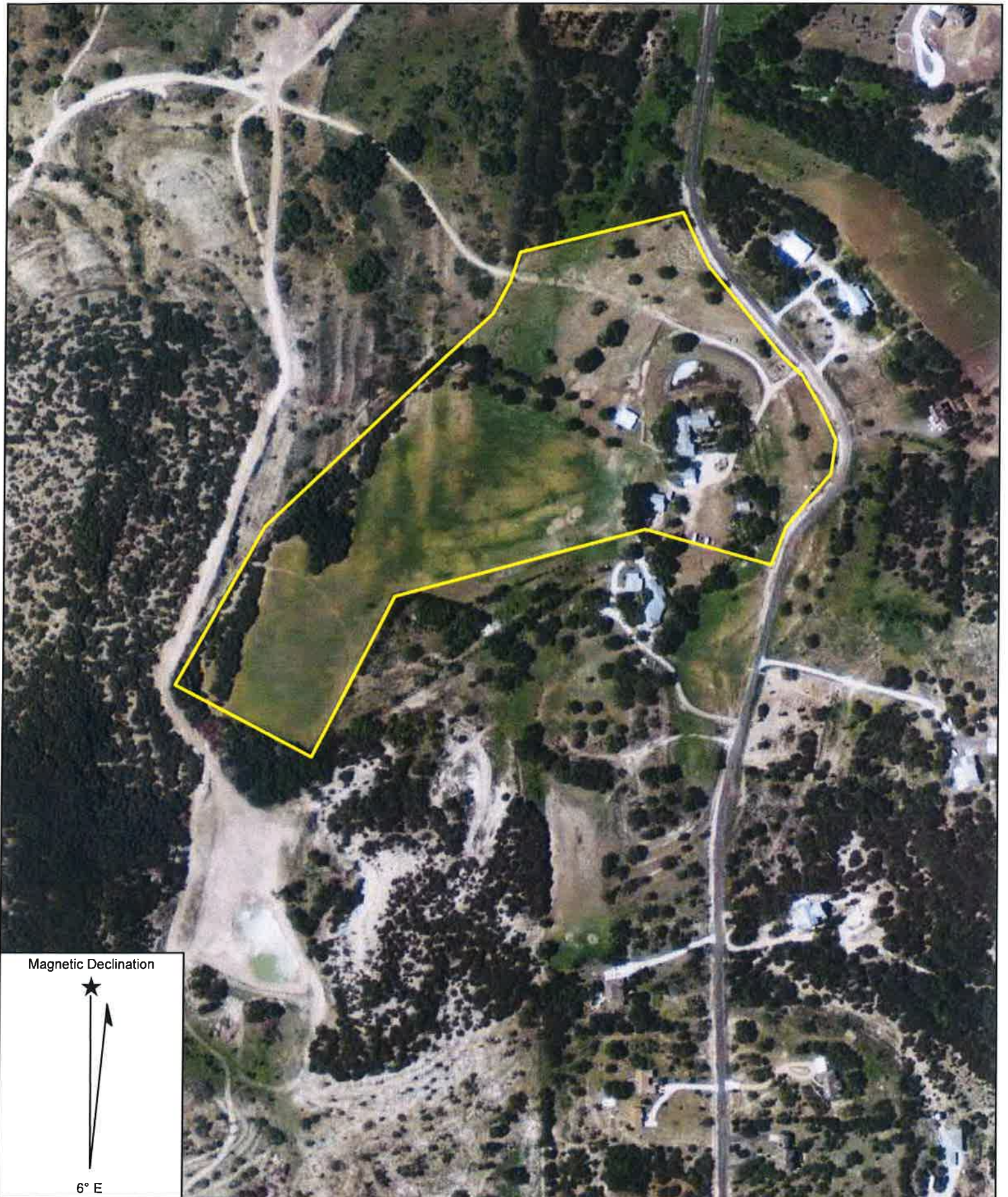
There are two working wells on the property as well as community water from Canyon Lake.

The West pasture is costal Bermuda and the east pasture is cline grass.

We are neighbored to the West by a family owned 3000 acre ranch which gives the feeling of extended land and added privacy.

Ag exempt.

In 2002 the descendants of Henry and Natalia, current Texas Rangers and Daughter of the Republic, visited and honored us with a plaque of appreciation for the restoration of this homestead. A bronze star was placed on Heinrich's grave in recognition of his years of service with the Texas Rangers. He later served as County Commissioner for Blanco County.



Magnetic Declination



6° E

Name: SPRING BRANCH NE, TX
Date: 4/6/2012
Scale: 1 inch equals 333 feet



Location: 029° 58' 05.22" N 098° 23' 48.13" W NAD27
Caption: 25.7+/- acres at 341 N. Stallion Estates Dr., Blanco County,
Blanco, Tx.

EXHIBIT "A"



Solis Surveying Co.

Professional Land Surveyors
GPS ♦ GIS ♦ LIS ♦ Systems

TOPOGRAPHICAL &
BOUNDARY
SURVEYING

GLOBAL POSITIONING
SYSTEMS

DIGITAL TERRAIN
MODELING

GIS/LIS SYSTEMS

Tract 1

25.729 acre tract of land

Stallion Estates

Field notes for a 25.729 acre tract of land out of a certain called 869.110 acre tract of land recorded in Volume 200, Page 226 Deed Records of Blanco County, Texas, being 12.690 acres out of the H. Lussman Survey No. 731, Abstract 708, 13.039 acres out of the G.H. Lussman Survey No. 741, Abstract 706, all in Blanco County, Texas and being more particularly described by metes and bounds as follows with all bearings being based on Texas State Plane Coordinates South Central Zone (Rotate 00° 59' 15" clockwise to revert to parent tract bearings);

Commencing at a found fence post marking the called upper northwest corner of said 869.110 acre tract and marking a common corner of said 869.110 acre tract and a certain called 2820.4 acre tract recorded in Volume 115, Page 341 of the Deed Records of Blanco County, Texas,

Thence S 25° 46' 54" W along the upper westerly line of said 869.110 acre tract, being the common line of said 869.110 acre tract and said 2820.4 acre tract, 833.61 feet to a found 60d nail for angle;

Thence S 06° 30' 58" W, continuing along the upper westerly line of said 869.110 acre tract with the common line of said 2820.4 acre tract, 869.41 feet to a set ½" iron bar for the northwest corner and Place of Beginning of the herein described tract;

Thence N 75° 21' 51" E, along the northerly line of the herein described tract across said 869.110 acre tract 488.51 feet to a set ½" iron bar to the northeast corner of the herein described tract, lying on the westerly line of a proposed 60 foot road and being a point of curvature to the left,

Thence in a southeasterly direction, with said curve to the left having a central angle of 25° 14' 09", a radius of 530.00 feet, a tangent length of 118.64 feet, 233.44 feet along the easterly line of the herein described tract and the westerly line of said proposed road to a set ½" iron bar for a corner of this tract;

Thence S 39° 52' 18" W, continuing along the easterly line of the herein described tract and the westerly line of said proposed road, 390.98 feet to a set ½" iron bar for a corner;

Thence continuing in a southeasterly direction with said curve to the right having a central angle of 94° 05' 01", a radius of 200.00 feet, a tangent length of 214.79 feet, 328.41 feet along the easterly line of the herein described tract and the westerly line of said proposed road to a set ½" iron bar for corner;

Hancock Plaza ♦ 950 Country Pike ♦ Canyon Lake, Texas 78133 ♦ (830) 935-1011 ♦ Fax (830) 935-4012

WE CERTIFY THIS IS A TRUE AND EXACT COPY OF
THE ORIGINAL RECORDED DOCUMENT

DATE 7/19/01 NEW BRAUNFELS TITLE CO.

BY Loise Mahon

Thence continuing in a southeasterly direction with said curve to the left having a central angle of $39^{\circ} 34' 43''$, a radius of 200.00 feet, a tangent length of 71.96 feet, 138.16 feet along the easterly line of the herein described tract and the westerly line of said proposed road to a set $\frac{1}{2}$ " iron bar for corner

Thence $S 14^{\circ} 38' 00'' W$, continuing along the easterly line of the herein described tract and the westerly line of said proposed road, 58.38 feet to a set $\frac{1}{2}$ " iron bar for the southeast corner of the herein described tract and being the northeast corner of a 8.674 acre tract surveyed on this same date,

Thence along the southerly line of the herein described tract and the northerly line of said 8.674 acre tract with the following calls:

$N 72^{\circ} 10' 04'' W$, 341.83 feet to a set $\frac{1}{2}$ " iron bar for angle;

$S 75^{\circ} 16' 53'' W$, 670.58 feet to a set $\frac{1}{2}$ " iron bar for angle;

$S 31^{\circ} 02' 37'' W$, 521.70 feet to a found iron bar for the most southerly corner of the herein described tract, the most westerly corner of said 8.674 acre tract and being a common angle point of said 869.110 acre tract and said 2820.4 acre tract;

Thence along the southwesterly and westerly line of the herein described tract, the westerly line of said 869.110 acre tract and being the common line of said 2820.4 acre tract with the following calls:

$N 69^{\circ} 14' 52'' W$, 346.38 feet to a found 60d nail for angle;

$N 03^{\circ} 24' 33'' W$, 150.72 feet to a found $\frac{1}{2}$ " iron bar for angle;

$N 32^{\circ} 27' 28'' E$, 316.06 feet to a found 60d nail for angle;

$N 42^{\circ} 14' 27'' E$, 335.28 feet to a found 60d nail for angle;

$N 45^{\circ} 13' 27'' E$, 597.94 feet to a found 60d nail for angle;

$N 14^{\circ} 01' 56'' E$, 12.37 feet to a found 60d nail for angle;

$N 31^{\circ} 56' 21'' E$, 84.08 feet to a found 2" steel fence post for angle;

$N 07^{\circ} 12' 50'' E$, 35.58 feet to a found 2" steel fence post for angle;

$N 06^{\circ} 30' 58'' E$, 26.09 feet to the Place of Beginning and containing 25.729 acres of land more or less.



Clinton L. Kanak, R.P.L.S.
Texas Registered Surveyor #4499
December 4, 1998



Tract 1, Page 2 of 2

WE CERTIFY THIS IS A TRUE AND EXACT COPY OF
THE ORIGINAL EXECUTED DOCUMENT

DATE 7/19/01 NEW BRAUNFELS TITLE CO

BY Isaac Mehan

EXHIBIT "A"
HAMBRIGHT LAND SURVEYING
P.O. BOX 1226
JOHNSON CITY, TEXAS 76026

PHONE: (817) 668-3374
FAC: (817) 668-2576

FEBRUARY 11, 2002, JOB NO. 973, FIELD NOTE NO. 973-1, CLIENT:
THALMAN, PROJECT: 25.729 ACRE SURVEY

FIELD NOTES

A DESCRIPTION OF 25.729 ACRES OF LAND, BEING ALL OF THAT 25.729
ACRE TRACT OF LAND DESCRIBED BY DEED RECORDED IN VOLUME 202, PAGE
903 OF THE OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS OF BLANCO COUNTY, TEXAS,
SITUATED IN THE H. LUSSEMAN SURVEY NO. 731, ABSTRACT NO. 703 AND
THE G.M. LUSSEMAN SURVEY NO. 741, ABSTRACT NO. 705 IN SAID COUNTY,
SAID 25.729 ACRES AS SHOWN ON THE ACCOMPANYING MAP, BEING MORE
PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

BEGINNING at a 1/2 inch iron rod found for the southeast corner of
said 25.729 acres, being the northeast corner of that certain
8.674 acre tract of land described by deed recorded in Volume 205,
Page 505 of the Official Public Records of said County and being
in the west line of North Stallion Estates Drive;

THENCE along the south line of said 25.729 acres, being the north
line of said 8.674 acres, the following three (3) courses;

1. N72°10'04"W, 341.83 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found,
2. S75°16'53"W, 670.58 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found, and
3. S31°02'37"W, 521.70 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found for
the south corner of said 25.729 acres, being the southwest
corner of said 8.674 acres and being in the east line of
that certain 2820.4 acre tract of land described by deed
recorded in Volume 115, Page 341 of the Deed Records of said
County;

THENCE along the southwest and west lines of said 25.729 acres,
being the east line of said 2820.4 acres, the following nine (9)
courses;

1. N69°14'52"W, 346.38 feet to a nail found,
2. N03°24'33"W, 150.72 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found,
3. N32°27'28"E, 316.06 feet to a nail found,
4. N42°14'31"E, 335.28 feet to a nail found,
5. N45°13'27"E, 597.44 feet to a nail found,
6. N14°01'56"E, 12.37 feet to a nail found,
7. N31°56'21"E, 84.58 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found,
8. N07°12'00"E, 35.58 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found, and
9. N06°30'58"E, 26.09 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found for the
northwest corner of said 25.729 acres, being the southwest
corner of Lot 132 of Stallion Estates Section 5 as shown by
plat recorded in Volume 1, Page 282 of the Plat Records of
said County;

page 1 of 2

EX-973-1

HAMBRIGHT LAND SURVEYING
P.O. BOX 1224
JOHNSON CITY, TEXAS 76036

PHONE: (817) 868-3374
FAX: (817) 868-3376

THENCE along the north line of said 25.729 acres, being the south line of said Lot 132, N75°21'51"E, 488.51 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found for the northeast corner of said 25.729 acres, being the southeast corner of said Lot 132 and being in the west line of said Drive;

THENCE along the east line of said 25.729 acres, being the west line of said Drive, the following five (5) courses;

1. a distance of 233.55 feet along the arc of a curve to the left, having a radius of 530.00 feet, a central angle of 25°14'53" and a chord which bears S27°16'08"E, 231.66 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found;
2. S39°52'18"E, 390.98 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found;
3. a distance of 328.41 feet along the arc of a curve to the right, having a radius of 200.00 feet, a central angle of 94°05'01" and a chord which bears S07°10'13"W, 282.74 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found;
4. a distance of 135.16 feet along the arc of a curve to the left, having a radius of 200.00 feet, a central angle of 39°34'43" and a chord which bears S34°25'21"W, 135.42 feet to a 1/2 inch iron rod found, and
5. S14°38'00"W, 58.38 feet to the POINT OF BEGINNING containing 25.729 acres of land, more or less.



02-11-02

page 2 of 2

PN 973-1



04/23/2003 WED 12:37 [TX/RX NO 8847] 007



Section 5.008, Property Code requires a seller of residential property of not more than one dwelling unit to deliver a Seller's Disclosure Notice to a buyer on or before the effective date of a contract. **This form complies with and contains additional disclosures which exceed the minimum disclosures required by the Code.**

THIS NOTICE IS A DISCLOSURE OF SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE OF THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY AS OF THE DATE SIGNED BY SELLER AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE BUYER MAY WISH TO OBTAIN. IT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY SELLER, SELLER'S AGENTS, OR ANY OTHER AGENT.

Seller ✓ is is not occupying the Property. If unoccupied (by Seller), how long since Seller has occupied the Property?
or never occupied the Property

This notice does not establish the items to be conveyed. The contract will determine which items will & will not convey.

Item	Y	N	U
Cable TV Wiring	X		
Carbon Monoxide Det.			X
Ceiling Fans	X		
Cooktop		X	
Dishwasher		X	
Disposal	X		
Emergency Escape Ladder(s)		X	
Exhaust Fans	X		
Fences	X		
Fire Detection Equip.			X
French Drain	X		
Gas Fixtures		X	
Natural Gas Lines		X	

Item	Y	N	U
Liquid Propane Gas:	X		
-LP Community (Captive)		X	
-LP on Property		X	
Hot Tub		X	
Intercom System		X	
Microwave	X		
Outdoor Grill		X	
Patio/Decking	X		
Plumbing System	X		
Pool		X	
Pool Equipment		X	
Pool Maint. Accessories		X	
Pool Heater		X	

Item	Y	N	U
Pump: sump grinder		X	
Rain Gutters	X		
Range/Stove	X		
Roof/Attic Vents	X		
Sauna		X	
Smoke Detector	X		
Smoke Detector - Hearing Impaired			X
Spa		X	
Trash Compactor		X	
TV Antenna	X		
Washer/Dryer Hookup	X		
Window Screens	X		
Public Sewer System		X	

Item	Y	N	U	Additional Information
Central A/C	X			✓ electric gas number of units: 3
Evaporative Coolers		X		number of units:
Wall/Window AC Units	X			number of units: 2 guest Room/Panosa
Attic Fan(s)		X		if yes, describe:
Central Heat	X			2 electric 1 gas number of units:
Other Heat		X		if yes, describe:
Oven	X			number of ovens: 3 1 electric X gas other: propane
Fireplace & Chimney	X			4 wood gas logs mock other:
Carport	X			attached not attached
Garage	X			attached X not attached 3 car
Garage Door Openers	X			number of units: 3 number of remotes: 2
Satellite Dish & Controls	X			owned ✓ lease from: DirectTX 3
Security System		X		owned lease from:
Water Heater	X			5 electric gas other: number of units: 5
Water Softener		X		owned lease from:
Underground Lawn Sprinkler	X			X automatic X manual areas covered: main yard
Septic / On-Site Sewer Facility	X			if yes, attach Information About On-Site Sewer Facility (TAR-1407)

Page 1 of 5

Phone: 512.848.6612

Fax: 512.857.8588

341 N STATION

Allison A. Harwood

Produced with zipForm® by zipLogix 16C70 Fifteen Mile Road, Fraser, Michigan 48026 www.zipLogix.com

**341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070**

Concerning the Property at _____

Water supply provided by: ___ city ☒ well ___ MUD ___ co-op ___ unknown ___ other: Canyon Lake Water
Was the Property built before 1978? ☒ yes ___ no ___ unknown except new addition in 2002

(If yes, complete, sign, and attach TAR-1906 concerning lead-based paint hazards).

Roof Type: metal Age: 15 yrs on all (approximate)

Is there an overlay roof covering on the Property (shingles or roof covering placed over existing shingles or roof covering)? ___ yes ☒ no ___ unknown

Are you (Seller) aware of any of the items listed in this Section 1 that are not in working condition, that have defects, or are need of repair? ___ yes ☒ no If yes, describe (attach additional sheets if necessary): antique stove in

party barn needs adjusting & propane established

Section 2. Are you (Seller) aware of any defects or malfunctions in any of the following?: (Mark Yes (Y) if you are aware and No (N) if you are not aware.)

Item	Y	N
Basement		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Ceilings		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Doors		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Driveways		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Electrical Systems		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Exterior Walls		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Item	Y	N
Floors		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Foundation / Slab(s)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Interior Walls		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lighting Fixtures		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Plumbing Systems		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Roof		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Item	Y	N
Sidewalks		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Walls / Fences		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Windows		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Other Structural Components		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<u>Some window screen</u>		
<u>May need Replace & or painted</u>		

If the answer to any of the items in Section 2 is yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary): _____

Section 3. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following conditions: (Mark Yes (Y) if you are aware and No (N) if you are not aware.)

Condition	Y	N
Aluminum Wiring		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Asbestos Components		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Diseased Trees: <u>oak wilt</u>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Endangered Species/Habitat on Property		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Fault Lines		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hazardous or Toxic Waste		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Improper Drainage		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Intermittent or Weather Springs		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Landfill		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lead-Based Paint or Lead-Based Pt. Hazards		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Encroachments onto the Property		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Improvements encroaching on others' property		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Located in 100-year Floodplain		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Located in Floodway		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Present Flood Ins. Coverage (If yes, attach TAR-1414)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Previous Flooding into the Structures		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Previous Flooding onto the Property <u>X1</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Located in Historic District		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Historic Property Designation		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Previous Use of Premises for Manufacture of Methamphetamine		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Condition	Y	N
Previous Foundation Repairs		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Previous Roof Repairs <u>X2</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Other Structural Repairs <u>X3</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Radon Gas		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Settling		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Soil Movement		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Subsurface Structure or Pits		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Underground Storage Tanks		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Unplatted Easements		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Unrecorded Easements		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Urea-formaldehyde Insulation		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Water Penetration		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Wetlands on Property		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Wood Rot		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Active infestation of termites or other wood destroying insects (WDI)		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Previous treatment for termites or WDI <u>X4</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Previous termite or WDI damage repaired		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Previous Fires		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Termite or WDI damage needing repair		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Single Blockable Main Drain in Pool/Hot Tub/Spa*		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

Concerning the Property at _____

If the answer to any of the items in Section 3 is yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary):

- #1 Heavy Rains Create Runoff across pasture from South to North
#2 all Roofs on all structures have been Replaced from 2002 - 2006
#3 This was a remodel - renovation of old structures
#4 preventive maintenance only

*A single blockable main drain may cause a suction entrapment hazard for an individual.

Section 4. Are you (Seller) aware of any item, equipment, or system in or on the Property that is in need of repair, which has not been previously disclosed in this notice? ☐ yes ☒ no If yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary): _____

Section 5. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following (Mark Yes (Y) if you are aware. Mark No (N) if you are not aware.)

Y N

☒ Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits or not in compliance with building codes in effect at the time.

☒ Homeowners' associations or maintenance fees or assessments. If yes, complete the following:

Name of association: Stallion Estate Home Owners

Manager's name: _____ Phone: _____

Fees or assessments are: \$ 200 per year and are: ☒ mandatory ☐ voluntary

Any unpaid fees or assessment for the Property? ☐ yes (\$ _____) ☒ no

If the Property is in more than one association, provide information about the other associations below or attach information to this notice.

☒ Any common area (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other) co-owned in undivided interest with others. If yes, complete the following:

Any optional user fees for common facilities charged? ☐ yes ☐ no If yes, describe: _____

☒ Any notices of violations of deed restrictions or governmental ordinances affecting the condition or use of the Property.

☒ Any lawsuits or other legal proceedings directly or indirectly affecting the Property. (Includes, but is not limited to: divorce, foreclosure, heirship, bankruptcy, and taxes.)

☒ Any death on the Property except for those deaths caused by: natural causes, suicide, or accident unrelated to the condition of the Property.

☒ Any condition on the Property which materially affects the health or safety of an individual.

☒ Any repairs or treatments, other than routine maintenance, made to the Property to remediate environmental hazards such as asbestos, radon, lead-based paint, urea-formaldehyde, or mold.

If yes, attach any certificates or other documentation identifying the extent of the remediation (for example, certificate of mold remediation or other remediation).

☒ Any rainwater harvesting system located on the Property that is larger than 500 gallons and that uses a public water supply as an auxiliary water source.

☒ The Property is located in a propane gas system service area owned by a propane distribution system retailer.

☒ Any portion of the Property that is located in a groundwater conservation district or a subsidence district.

341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

Concerning the Property at _____

If the answer to any of the items in Section 5 is yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary): _____

Section 6. Seller ☒ has ☐ has not attached a survey of the Property.

Section 7. Within the last 4 years, have you (Seller) received any written inspection reports from persons who regularly provide inspections and who are either licensed as inspectors or otherwise permitted by law to perform inspections? ☐ yes ☒ no If yes, attach copies and complete the following:

Inspection Date	Type	Name of Inspector	No. of Pages

Note: A buyer should not rely on the above-cited reports as a reflection of the current condition of the Property. A buyer should obtain inspections from inspectors chosen by the buyer.

Section 8. Check any tax exemption(s) which you (Seller) currently claim for the Property:

☒ Homestead ☒ Senior Citizen ☐ Disabled
☐ Wildlife Management ☒ Agricultural ☐ Disabled Veteran
☐ Other: _____ ☐ Unknown

Section 9. Have you (Seller) ever filed a claim for damage to the Property with any insurance provider? ☐ yes ☒ no

Section 10. Have you (Seller) ever received proceeds for a claim for damage to the Property (for example, an insurance claim or a settlement or award in a legal proceeding) and not used the proceeds to make the repairs for which the claim was made? ☐ yes ☒ no If yes, explain: _____

Section 11. Does the property have working smoke detectors installed in accordance with the smoke detector requirements of Chapter 766 of the Health and Safety Code? ☒ unknown ☐ no ☐ yes. If no or unknown, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary): _____

**Chapter 766 of the Health and Safety Code requires one-family or two-family dwellings to have working smoke detectors installed in accordance with the requirements of the building code in effect in the area in which the dwelling is located, including performance, location, and power source requirements. If you do not know the building code requirements in effect in your area, you may check unknown above or contact your local building official for more information.*

A buyer may require a seller to install smoke detectors for the hearing impaired if: (1) the buyer or a member of the buyer's family who will reside in the dwelling is hearing-impaired; (2) the buyer gives the seller written evidence of the hearing impairment from a licensed physician; and (3) within 10 days after the effective date, the buyer makes a written request for the seller to install smoke detectors for the hearing-impaired and specifies the locations for installation. The parties may agree who will bear the cost of installing the smoke detectors and which brand of smoke detectors to install.

341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

Concerning the Property at _____

Seller acknowledges that the statements in this notice are true to the best of Seller's belief and that no person, including the broker(s), has instructed or influenced Seller to provide inaccurate information or to omit any material information.

Signature of Seller _____

Date _____

Signature of Seller _____

Date _____

Printed Name: _____

Printed Name: _____

ADDITIONAL NOTICES TO BUYER:

- (1) The Texas Department of Public Safety maintains a database that the public may search, at no cost, to determine if registered sex offenders are located in certain zip code areas. To search the database, visit www.txdps.state.tx.us. For information concerning past criminal activity in certain areas or neighborhoods, contact the local police department.
- (2) If the property is located in a coastal area that is seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway or within 1,000 feet of the mean high tide bordering the Gulf of Mexico, the property may be subject to the Open Beaches Act or the Dune Protection Act (Chapter 61 or 63, Natural Resources Code, respectively) and a beachfront construction certificate or dune protection permit may be required for repairs or improvements. Contact the local government with ordinance authority over construction adjacent to public beaches for more information.
- (3) If you are basing your offers on square footage, measurements, or boundaries, you should have those items independently measured to verify any reported information.
- (4) The following providers currently provide service to the property:

Electric: _____

Sewer: _____

Water: _____

Cable: _____

Trash: _____

Natural Gas: _____

Phone Company: _____

Propane: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

phone #: _____

- (5) This Seller's Disclosure Notice was completed by Seller as of the date signed. The brokers have relied on this notice as true and correct and have no reason to believe it to be false or inaccurate. YOU ARE ENCOURAGED TO HAVE AN INSPECTOR OF YOUR CHOICE INSPECT THE PROPERTY.

The undersigned Buyer acknowledges receipt of the foregoing notice.

Signature of Buyer _____

Date _____

Signature of Buyer _____

Date _____

Printed Name: _____

Printed Name: _____



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
INFORMATION ABOUT ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY

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CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
 SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

Main House

A. DESCRIPTION OF ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY ON PROPERTY:

- (1) Type of Treatment System: ☒ Septic Tank ☐ Aerobic Treatment ☐ Unknown
- (2) Type of Distribution System: gravity flow ☐ Unknown
- (3) Approximate Location of Drain Field or Distribution System: east of 1800 house in front pasture ☐ Unknown
- (4) Installer: Doug Bowles ☐ Unknown
- (5) Approximate Age: 15 yr. ☐ Unknown

B. MAINTENANCE INFORMATION:

- (1) Is Seller aware of any maintenance contract in effect for the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, name of maintenance contractor: _____
 Phone: _____ contract expiration date: _____
Maintenance contracts must be in effect to operate aerobic treatment and certain non-standard on-site sewer facilities.)
- (2) Approximate date any tanks were last pumped? 2011 + -
- (3) Is Seller aware of any defect or malfunction in the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, explain: _____
- (4) Does Seller have manufacturer or warranty information available for review? ☐ Yes ☒ No

C. PLANNING MATERIALS, PERMITS, AND CONTRACTS:

- (1) The following items concerning the on-site sewer facility are attached:
☐ planning materials ☐ permit for original installation ☐ final inspection when OSSF was installed
☐ maintenance contract ☐ manufacturer information ☐ warranty information ☐ _____
- (2) "Planning materials" are the supporting materials that describe the on-site sewer facility that are submitted to the permitting authority in order to obtain a permit to install the on-site sewer facility.
- (3) **It may be necessary for a buyer to have the permit to operate an on-site sewer facility transferred to the buyer.**



D. INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES: Pamphlets describing on-site sewer facilities are available from the Texas Agricultural Extension Service. Information in the following table was obtained from Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on 10/24/2002. The table estimates daily wastewater usage rates. Actual water usage data or other methods for calculating may be used if accurate and acceptable to TCEQ.

<u>Facility</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day)</u> <u>without water-</u> <u>saving devices</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day)</u> <u>with water-</u> <u>saving devices</u>
Single family dwelling (1-2 bedrooms; less than 1,500 sf)	225	180
Single family dwelling (3 bedrooms; less than 2,500 sf)	300	240
Single family dwelling (4 bedrooms; less than 3,500 sf)	375	300
Single family dwelling (5 bedrooms; less than 4,500 sf)	450	360
Single family dwelling (6 bedrooms; less than 5,500 sf)	525	420
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (1-2 bedroom)	225	180
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (each add'l bedroom)	75	60

This document is not a substitute for any inspections or warranties. This document was completed to the best of Seller's knowledge and belief on the date signed. Seller and real estate agents are not experts about on-site sewer facilities. Buyer is encouraged to have the on-site sewer facility inspected by an inspector of Buyer's choice.

Signature of Seller
DAVID C THALMAN

Date

Signature of Seller
KATHLENE THALMAN

Date

Receipt acknowledged by:

Signature of Buyer

Date

Signature of Buyer

Date



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
INFORMATION ABOUT ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY

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CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

By Guest House

A. DESCRIPTION OF ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY ON PROPERTY:

- (1) Type of Treatment System: ☒ Septic Tank ☐ Aerobic Treatment ☐ Unknown
- (2) Type of Distribution System: gravity ☐ Unknown
- (3) Approximate Location of Drain Field or Distribution System: South west of House ☐ Unknown
- (4) Installer: Doug Dowlearn ☐ Unknown
- (5) Approximate Age: 17 yr. ☐ Unknown

B. MAINTENANCE INFORMATION:

- (1) Is Seller aware of any maintenance contract in effect for the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, name of maintenance contractor: _____
 Phone: _____ contract expiration date: _____
Maintenance contracts must be in effect to operate aerobic treatment and certain non-standard on-site sewer facilities.)
- (2) Approximate date any tanks were last pumped? 2011 +
- (3) Is Seller aware of any defect or malfunction in the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, explain: _____
- (4) Does Seller have manufacturer or warranty information available for review? ☐ Yes ☒ No

C. PLANNING MATERIALS, PERMITS, AND CONTRACTS:

- (1) The following items concerning the on-site sewer facility are attached:
☐ planning materials ☐ permit for original installation ☐ final inspection when OSSF was installed
☐ maintenance contract ☐ manufacturer information ☐ warranty information
- (2) "Planning materials" are the supporting materials that describe the on-site sewer facility that are submitted to the permitting authority in order to obtain a permit to install the on-site sewer facility.
- (3) It may be necessary for a buyer to have the permit to operate an on-site sewer facility transferred to the buyer.



D. INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES: Pamphlets describing on-site sewer facilities are available from the Texas Agricultural Extension Service. Information in the following table was obtained from Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on 10/24/2002. The table estimates daily wastewater usage rates. Actual water usage data or other methods for calculating may be used if accurate and acceptable to TCEQ.

<u>Facility</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day) without water- saving devices</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day) with water- saving devices</u>
Single family dwelling (1-2 bedrooms; less than 1,500 sf)	225	180
Single family dwelling (3 bedrooms; less than 2,500 sf)	300	240
Single family dwelling (4 bedrooms; less than 3,500 sf)	375	300
Single family dwelling (5 bedrooms; less than 4,500 sf)	450	360
Single family dwelling (6 bedrooms; less than 5,500 sf)	525	420
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (1-2 bedroom)	225	180
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (each add'l bedroom)	75	60

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Signature of Seller
DAVID C THALMAN

Date

4-28-2017

Signature of Seller
KATHLENE THALMAN

Date

Receipt acknowledged by:

Signature of Buyer

Date

Signature of Buyer

Date



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
INFORMATION ABOUT ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY

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CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
 SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

Cowboy House

A. DESCRIPTION OF ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY ON PROPERTY:

(1) Type of Treatment System: ☒ Septic Tank ☐ Aerobic Treatment ☐ Unknown

(2) Type of Distribution System: gravity ☐ Unknown

(3) Approximate Location of Drain Field or Distribution System: South of Structure ☐ Unknown

(4) Installer: Doug Dowle ☐ Unknown

(5) Approximate Age: 17 yr. 15 yr. ☐ Unknown

B. MAINTENANCE INFORMATION:

(1) Is Seller aware of any maintenance contract in effect for the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, name of maintenance contractor: _____
 Phone: _____ contract expiration date: _____
Maintenance contracts must be in effect to operate aerobic treatment and certain non-standard on-site sewer facilities.)

(2) Approximate date any tanks were last pumped? _____

(3) Is Seller aware of any defect or malfunction in the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, explain: _____

(4) Does Seller have manufacturer or warranty information available for review? ☐ Yes ☒ No

C. PLANNING MATERIALS, PERMITS, AND CONTRACTS:

(1) The following items concerning the on-site sewer facility are attached:
☐ planning materials ☐ permit for original installation ☐ final inspection when OSSF was installed
☐ maintenance contract ☐ manufacturer information ☐ warranty information

(2) "Planning materials" are the supporting materials that describe the on-site sewer facility that are submitted to the permitting authority in order to obtain a permit to install the on-site sewer facility.


(3) **It may be necessary for a buyer to have the permit to operate an on-site sewer facility transferred to the buyer.**





D. INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES: Pamphlets describing on-site sewer facilities are available from the Texas Agricultural Extension Service. Information in the following table was obtained from Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on 10/24/2002. The table estimates daily wastewater usage rates. Actual water usage data or other methods for calculating may be used if accurate and acceptable to TCEQ.

<u>Facility</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day) without water- saving devices</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day) with water- saving devices</u>
Single family dwelling (1-2 bedrooms; less than 1,500 sf)	225	180
Single family dwelling (3 bedrooms; less than 2,500 sf)	300	240
Single family dwelling (4 bedrooms; less than 3,500 sf)	375	300
Single family dwelling (5 bedrooms; less than 4,500 sf)	450	360
Single family dwelling (6 bedrooms; less than 5,500 sf)	525	420
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (1-2 bedroom)	225	180
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (each add'l bedroom)	75	60

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 4-23-2017
Signature of Seller _____ Date
DAVID C THALMAN


Signature of Seller _____ Date
KATHLENE THALMAN

 Receipt acknowledged by:

Signature of Buyer _____ Date

Signature of Buyer _____ Date



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
INFORMATION ABOUT ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY

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Party Bain

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

A. DESCRIPTION OF ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY ON PROPERTY:

- (1) Type of Treatment System: ☒ Septic Tank ☐ Aerobic Treatment ☐ Unknown
- (2) Type of Distribution System: gravity ☐ Unknown
- (3) Approximate Location of Drain Field or Distribution System: South west of structure ☐ Unknown
- (4) Installer: Doug Dowle ☐ Unknown
- (5) Approximate Age: 2004 2007 KT DT 10yr. ☐ Unknown

B. MAINTENANCE INFORMATION:

- (1) Is Seller aware of any maintenance contract in effect for the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, name of maintenance contractor: _____
 Phone: _____ contract expiration date: _____
Maintenance contracts must be in effect to operate aerobic treatment and certain non-standard on-site sewer facilities.)
- (2) Approximate date any tanks were last pumped?
- (3) Is Seller aware of any defect or malfunction in the on-site sewer facility? ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, explain: _____

- (4) Does Seller have manufacturer or warranty information available for review? ☐ Yes ☐ No

C. PLANNING MATERIALS, PERMITS, AND CONTRACTS:

- (1) The following items concerning the on-site sewer facility are attached:
☐ planning materials ☐ permit for original installation ☐ final inspection when OSSF was installed
☐ maintenance contract ☐ manufacturer information ☐ warranty information ☐ _____
- (2) "Planning materials" are the supporting materials that describe the on-site sewer facility that are submitted to the permitting authority in order to obtain a permit to install the on-site sewer facility.
- (3) **It may be necessary for a buyer to have the permit to operate an on-site sewer facility transferred to the buyer.**



(TAR-1407) 1-7-04


Initialed for Identification by Buyer _____ and Seller _____

Page 1 of 2


D. INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES: Pamphlets describing on-site sewer facilities are available from the Texas Agricultural Extension Service. Information in the following table was obtained from Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on 10/24/2002. The table estimates daily wastewater usage rates. Actual water usage data or other methods for calculating may be used if accurate and acceptable to TCEQ.

<u>Facility</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day) without water- saving devices</u>	<u>Usage (gal/day) with water- saving devices</u>
Single family dwelling (1-2 bedrooms; less than 1,500 sf)	225	180
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Single family dwelling (4 bedrooms; less than 3,500 sf)	375	300
Single family dwelling (5 bedrooms; less than 4,500 sf)	450	360
Single family dwelling (6 bedrooms; less than 5,500 sf)	525	420
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (1-2 bedroom)	225	180
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (each add'l bedroom)	75	60

This document is not a substitute for any inspections or warranties. This document was completed to the best of Seller's knowledge and belief on the date signed. Seller and real estate agents are not experts about on-site sewer facilities. Buyer is encouraged to have the on-site sewer facility inspected by an inspector of Buyer's choice.

 4-28-2011

Signature of Seller
DAVID C THALMAN
Date



Signature of Seller
KATHLENE THALMAN
Date

Receipt acknowledged by:

Signature of Buyer
Date

Signature of Buyer
Date



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
GENERAL INFORMATION AND NOTICE TO A BUYER

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® IS NOT AUTHORIZED
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Be an informed buyer. Make sure that the property you want to purchase meets your needs. The following information may assist you during your purchase.

ANNEXATION. If the property you buy is outside the limits of a municipality, you should be aware that the property may later be annexed by a nearby municipality. You may find information on the boundaries of nearby municipalities by contacting the municipalities directly.

APPRAISAL. An appraisal is a valuation of the property. An appraiser renders an estimate of value as of a certain date under assumptions and conditions stated in the appraisal report. Typically, a buyer's lender requires an appraisal to verify that the loan is secured by property that is worth a certain amount. An appraisal is not the same as an inspection.

BROKERS. A real estate broker *represents* a party (buyer or seller) in a real estate transaction or may act as an intermediary between the parties. You may work with the broker or with one of the broker's agents. You will be provided a form titled "Information About Brokerage Services" (TAR 2501) which defines agency relationships. The agent may help you locate a property and is obligated to *negotiate* the transaction. The agent may assist you in gathering information and may coordinate many details in the transaction. Brokers and agents are not inspectors. They do not possess the expertise to conduct inspections and therefore do not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees about a property's condition. Agents are not attorneys. You are encouraged to seek the assistance of an attorney to help you understand any of the legal consequences and provisions of your contract or transaction.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS.

General. Over the years the market has identified environmental conditions that buyers should know may exist. Environmental hazards include, but are not limited to, conditions such as: asbestos, lead-based paint, mold, pesticides, radon gas, toxic waste, underground storage tanks, urea formaldehyde insulation, and other pollutants. Wetlands or endangered species on the property may restrict the use of the property.

Environmental Inspections. If you are concerned that environmental hazards, wetlands, or endangered species may be present on the property you wish to buy, you should hire a qualified expert to inspect the property for such items. You may include a promulgated addendum (TAR 1917) in your contract that may address such matters.

Lead-Based Paint. If you buy a property that was built before 1978, federal law requires that you be provided with: (1) the pamphlet titled "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" (TAR 2511); (2) the records and reports the seller has concerning lead-based paint or hazards; and (3) an opportunity to have the property inspected for lead-based paint or hazards.

Mold. It is not uncommon to find mold spores in a property. The concern about mold increases when there are large amounts of mold found in a property. The Texas Department of Insurance publishes a document titled "Protect Your Home from Mold" (TAR 2507) which discusses mold in more detail.

Oak Wilt and Diseased Trees. There are diseases such as oak wilt and other conditions that may affect trees and other plants. Oak wilt is a fungus that affects certain oak trees. If you are concerned about such matters, have the trees and other plants inspected by a professional of your choice.

Noise. Properties around the property you may buy are used for a variety of purposes. Some of the uses cause noise (for example, airports, railways, highways, restaurants, bars, schools, arenas and construction). You are encouraged to drive and review the area around any property in which you are interested at various times and days.

EXPANSIVE SOILS. Soil conditions vary greatly throughout Texas. Many soils will move; some more than others. This movement will, many times, affect the foundation of homes and buildings and may cause cracks to appear in walls or other parts of the building. Additionally, if you buy a property that is newly constructed, the concrete curing process may also cause the foundation of the building to move. Seasonal changes in the moisture in the soil may also cause foundations to move. Check with your inspector and other experts on preventive methods that you can follow to minimize the risk of such movement.

FLOOD HAZARD, FLOODWAYS, AND FLOOD INSURANCE. Many properties are in flood hazard areas. Lenders who make loans on properties located in special flood hazard areas typically require the owner to maintain flood insurance. Additionally, some properties may lie in the floodway. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a form titled, "Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas" (TAR 1414), which discusses flood hazard areas and floodways in more detail. You are encouraged to buy flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.

HISTORIC OR CONSERVATION DISTRICTS. Properties located in historic or conservation districts may have restrictions on use and architecture of the properties. Local governments may create historic or conservation districts for the preservation of certain architectural appeal. A property owner may or may not be aware if the property is located in such a district. If you are concerned whether the property you wish to buy is located in such a district, contact the local government for specific information.

INSPECTION, REPAIRS, & WALK-THROUGH.

Inspections. You are encouraged to have the property you want to buy inspected by licensed inspectors of your choice. You should have the inspections completed during any option period. You should accompany the inspectors during the inspections and ask the inspectors any questions. Brokers and agents do not possess any special skills, knowledge or expertise concerning inspections or repairs. If you request names of inspectors or repair professionals from your agent, you should note that the agent is not making any representation or warranty as to the ability or workmanship of the inspector or repair professionals.

Repairs. You and the seller should resolve, in writing, any obligation and any timing of the obligation to complete repairs you may request before the option period expires.

Walk-Through. Before you close the sale, you should walk through the property and verify that any repairs are complete. If the condition of the property does not satisfy the contractual provisions, notify your agent before you close.

MANDATORY OWNERS' ASSOCIATIONS. The property you buy may require you to be a member in one or more owners' associations. You may obtain subdivision information (the restrictions applying to the subdivision, the bylaws and rules of the owners' association, and a resale certificate). You may be required to pay for the subdivision information unless you negotiate otherwise in the contract. If membership in an owners' association is required, you will probably be obligated to pay periodic dues or assessments. Failure to pay such dues could result in a lien on and foreclosure of the property.

MINERAL INTERESTS. Determining who owns the mineral interests under a property (for example, rights to oil and gas interests) normally requires an expert to review the chain of title to the property. Many times the mineral interests may have been severed from the property and may be owned by persons other than the seller. Contract forms commonly used in Texas provide that the seller's interest, if any, in the mineral interests convey to the buyer as part of the property. However, a seller may wish to retain all or a part of the mineral interests. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a form titled "Information about Mineral Clauses in Contract Forms": (TAR No. 2509) which discusses this issue in more detail.

MULTIPLE LISTING SERVICE. The Multiple Listing Service (MLS) is a database and cooperative tool between brokers. Agents who use the MLS must comply with the MLS's rules. The listing agent is required to timely report the current status of a listing, including when the property is sold or leased or is no longer available, as well as the sales price. Subscribers (other brokers, agents, appraisers, other real estate professionals, and the appraisal districts) have access to the information for market evaluation purposes. Much of the information in the MLS, such as square footage, assessed value, taxes, school boundaries, and year built is obtained from different sources such as the county appraisal district, an appraiser, or builder. The broker or agent who provides you with information from the MLS does not verify the accuracy of the information. You should independently verify the information in the MLS and not rely on the information.

POSSESSION. Most contracts provide that the seller will deliver possession of the property to the buyer at the time the sale *closes and funds or according to a temporary residential lease or other written lease required by the parties*. There may be a short delay between closing and actual funding; especially if the buyer is obtaining funds from a lender. You may need to verify with the lender if the loan will fund on the day of closing. You should also take this potential delay into account when planning your move into the property. Any possession by the buyer before the sale closes and funds (or by the seller after the sale closes and funds) must be authorized by a written lease.

PROPERTY INSURANCE. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property and before any option period expires, contact your insurance agent to determine the availability and affordability of insurance for the property. There are numerous variables that an insurance company will evaluate when offering insurance at certain coverage levels and at certain prices. Most lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a document titled, "Information about Property Insurance for a Buyer or Seller" (TAR 2508), which discusses property insurance in more detail.

RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS. A residential service contract is a product under which a residential service company, for an annual fee, agrees to repair or replace certain equipment or items in a property (for example, covered appliances, air conditioning and heating systems, and plumbing systems). Co-payments typically apply to most service calls. If you request names of residential service companies from your agent, you should note that the agent is not making any representation or warranty about the service company.

SCHOOL BOUNDARIES. School boundaries may change and are, at times, difficult to determine. The school boundaries that your agent may provide to you or that may be provided through a Multiple Listing Service are only mapped estimates from other sources. You are encouraged to verify with the school district which schools residents in the property will attend.

SEPTIC TANKS AND ON-SITE SEWER FACILITIES. Many properties have septic tanks or other on-site sewer facilities. There are several types of such systems. Special maintenance requirements may apply to certain systems. Please refer to a document titled, "Information about On-Site Sewer Facility" (TAR 1407) for more information. You should also determine if the county requires any registration or other action in order for you to begin using the septic system or on-site sewer facility.

SEX OFFENDERS AND CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. If you are concerned about sex offenders who may reside in the area in which you are buying, access www.txdps.state.tx.us. Contact the local police department to obtain information about any criminal activity in the area.

SQUARE FOOTAGE. If you base your purchase price on the size of the property's building and structures, you should have any information you receive about the square footage independently verified. Square footage information comes from other sources such as appraisal districts, appraisers, and builders. Such information is only an estimate. The actual square footage may vary.

STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS. The property you buy may be located in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services (for example a Municipal Utility District, Water Improvement District, or a Public Improvement District). You are likely to receive a prescribed notice when buying property in such a district.

SURVEY. A survey identifies the location of boundaries, major improvements, fence lines, drives, encroachments, easements, and other items on the property. You should obtain a survey early enough in the transaction to help you identify any encroachments, encumbrances to title, or restrictions. Your contract will typically contain a provision under which you may obtain or be provided with a survey and the right to object to encumbrances to title disclosed in the survey.

General Information and Notices to a Buyer

SYNTHETIC STUCCO. Synthetic stucco (sometimes known as EIFS) is an exterior siding product that was placed on some properties in the recent past. If the product was not properly installed, it has been known to cause damage to the structure (such as wood rot and moisture). If the property you wish to buy has synthetic stucco, ask your inspector to carefully inspect the siding and ask your inspector any questions you may have.

TAX PRORATIONS. Typically, a buyer and seller agree to prorate a property's taxes through the closing date. Property taxes are due and payable at the end of each calendar year. The escrow agent will estimate, at closing, the taxes for the current year. If the seller is qualified for tax exemptions (for example, homestead, agricultural, or over-65 exemption), such exemptions may or may not apply after closing. After closing the taxes may increase because the exemptions may no longer apply. When buying new construction, the taxes at closing may be prorated based on the land value only and will later increase when the appraisal district includes the value of the new improvements. The actual taxes due, therefore, at the end of the year and in subsequent years may be different from the estimates used at closing.

TERMINATION OPTION. Most contract forms contain an option clause which provides the buyer with an unrestricted right to terminate the contract. Most buyers choose to buy the termination option. You will be required to pay for the termination option in advance. The option fee is negotiable. Most buyers will conduct many of their reviews, inspections, and other due diligence during the option period. You must strictly comply with the time period under the option. The option period is not suspended or extended if you and the seller negotiate repairs or an amendment. If you want to extend the option period you must negotiate an extension separately, obtain the extension in writing, and pay an additional fee for the extension. Do not rely on any oral extensions.

TIDE WATERS. If the property you buy adjoins any of the state's tidal waters, you will be given a prescribed notice titled, "Addendum for Coastal Area Notice" (TAR 1915) at the time you sign a contract. Boundaries of properties along such waters may change and building restrictions will apply. If the property is located seaward of the Gulf Intracoastal Canal, you will receive a separate notice (TAR 1916).

TITLE INSURANCE OR ABSTRACT OF TITLE. You should obtain a title insurance policy or have an abstract of title covering the property examined by your attorney. If you obtain a title insurance policy, you should have the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorney not later than the time required under your contract.

UTILITIES. You should evaluate what utilities you will require and check to be sure that the utilities available in the area suit your needs. Some structures may or may not have utilities and electrical facilities to support many modern appliances or equipment.

WATER LEVEL FLUCTUATIONS. State law requires notice to a buyer of a property that adjoins a lake, reservoir, or other impoundment of water with a storage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at its normal operating level that the water level may fluctuate. You can find a list of lakes and reservoirs with at least 5,000 acre-feet storage capacity by accessing <http://texasalmanac.com/topics/environment/lakes-and-reservoirs>.

WATER WELLS. If the property you buy has a water well, you should have, and the lender may require, the equipment inspected and water tested. You should also determine if the county requires any registration or other action in order for you to begin using the water well.

OTHER.

This form was provided by:

By signing below I acknowledge that I received, read, and understand this information and notice.

Broker's Printed Name

Buyer

Date

By:

Broker's Associate's Signature

Date

Buyer

Date



APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION
**ADDENDUM FOR SELLER'S DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
 ON LEAD-BASED PAINT AND LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS
 AS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL LAW**

10-10-11

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT 341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE SPRING BRANCH
 (Street Address and City)

A. LEAD WARNING STATEMENT: "Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. The seller of any interest in residential real property is required to provide the buyer with any information on lead-based paint hazards from risk assessments or inspections in the seller's possession and notify the buyer of any known lead-based paint hazards. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase."

NOTICE: Inspector must be properly certified as required by federal law.

B. SELLER'S DISCLOSURE:

1. PRESENCE OF LEAD-BASED PAINT AND/OR LEAD-BASED PAINT HAZARDS (check one box only):
 - ☐ (a) Known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards are present in the Property (explain): _____
 - ☒ (b) Seller has no actual knowledge of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property.
2. RECORDS AND REPORTS AVAILABLE TO SELLER (check one box only):
 - ☐ (a) Seller has provided the purchaser with all available records and reports pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property (list documents): _____
 - ☒ (b) Seller has no reports or records pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property.

C. BUYER'S RIGHTS (check one box only):

- ☐ 1. Buyer waives the opportunity to conduct a risk assessment or inspection of the Property for the presence of lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards.
- ☐ 2. Within ten days after the effective date of this contract, Buyer may have the Property inspected by inspectors selected by Buyer. If lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards are present, Buyer may terminate this contract by giving Seller written notice within 14 days after the effective date of this contract, and the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.

D. BUYER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT (check applicable boxes):

- ☐ 1. Buyer has received copies of all information listed above.
- ☐ 2. Buyer has received the pamphlet *Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home*.

E. BROKERS' ACKNOWLEDGMENT: Brokers have informed Seller of Seller's obligations under 42 U.S.C. 4852d to:

(a) provide Buyer with the federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention; (b) complete this addendum; (c) disclose any known lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property; (d) deliver all records and reports to Buyer pertaining to lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards in the Property; (e) provide Buyer a period of up to 10 days to have the Property inspected; and (f) retain a completed copy of this addendum for at least 3 years following the sale. Brokers are aware of their responsibility to ensure compliance.

F. CERTIFICATION OF ACCURACY: The following persons have reviewed the information above and certify, to the best of their knowledge, that the information they have provided is true and accurate.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Seller _____ Date 4-28-2017

DAVID C THALMAN

Buyer _____ Date _____

Seller _____ Date 4-28-2017

KATHLENE THALMAN

Other Broker _____ Date _____

Listing Broker _____ Date _____

ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD

The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use only with similarly approved or promulgated forms of contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate licensees. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>)

(TAR 1906) 10-10-11

TREC No. OP-L

**ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT, THREATENED OR
ENDANGERED SPECIES, AND WETLANDS ADDENDUM****TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT****341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE, SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070**

(Address of Property)

- ☒ A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT: Buyer, at Buyer's expense, may obtain an environmental assessment report prepared by an environmental specialist.
- ☒ B. THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES: Buyer, at Buyer's expense, may obtain a report from a natural resources professional to determine if there are any threatened or endangered species or their habitats as defined by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- ☒ C. WETLANDS: Buyer, at Buyer's expense, may obtain a report from an environmental specialist to determine if there are wetlands, as defined by federal or state law or regulation.

Within 10 days after the effective date of the contract, Buyer may terminate the contract by furnishing Seller a copy of any report noted above that adversely affects the use of the Property and a notice of termination of the contract. Upon termination, the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer.



Buyer

Seller**DAVID C THALMAN**_____
Buyer

Seller**KATHLENE THALMAN**

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate licensees. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>) TREC No. 28-2. This form replaces TREC No. 28-1.



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® IS NOT AUTHORIZED
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CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

**341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070**

A. FLOOD AREAS:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.
- (2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area lies in a "V-Zone" or "A-Zone" as noted on flood insurance rate maps. Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas are areas with high risk of flooding.
- (3) Some properties may also lie in the "floodway" which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:

- (1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.
- (2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.
- (3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.
- (4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.
- (2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:
 - (a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.
 - (b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.
- (3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.
 - (a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas concerning

- (b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.
- (c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.
- (4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:
 - (a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters;
 - (b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and
 - (c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

D. COMPLIANCE:

- (1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.
- (2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.
- (3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.
- (4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.
- (5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.
 - (a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.
 - (b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.
 - (c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).

E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.

Receipt acknowledged by:



Signature

Date

Signature

Date



PROTECTING YOUR HOME FROM MOLD

JUNE 2002

Mold growth problems can adversely affect many homeowners in Texas. Homeowners who act quickly and appropriately can prevent or correct conditions that may cause mold growth. The Texas Department of Health (TDH) and Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) prepared this publication to help you understand the concerns related to mold growth and to provide some effective steps you can take to help prevent mold growth. The following information will help protect your investment in your home and may prevent the possibility of health risks due to mold exposure.

If you are a renter, you should contact your landlord or property manager immediately when you have a maintenance need related to water damage.

WHAT ARE MOLDS?

Molds are microscopic organisms commonly found both indoors and outdoors. Molds, along with mushrooms and yeast, are known scientifically as fungi. Their purpose in nature is to break down dead material and recycle nutrients in the environment. For molds to grow and reproduce, they need a food source -any organic material, such as leaves, wood, paper, or dirt -and moisture. Since molds grow by "eating" the organic material, they gradually destroy whatever they are feeding on. Mold growth on surfaces can often be seen as a colored spot, frequently green, gray, brown, black or white. It commonly appears as a powdery, fuzzy, or hair-like material. Actively growing molds typically produce odors, sometimes described as earthy or moldy, or like mildew, old dirty socks, or ammonia. Molds release thousands of microscopic spores, which are lightweight, easily airborne and carried by air currents to surrounding areas. The spores must have both food and moisture to actually start growing, similar to plant seeds.

WHAT DO I DO IF A LEAK OCCURS?

Whether or not the water damage may be covered by your insurance policy, it is important to act quickly to prevent further damage to your home.

- Immediately stop the source of leak or flooding.
- Remove excess water with mops or a wet vacuum. If the damage is significant, consider contacting a water extraction company for immediate action.
- Whenever possible, move wet items to a secure, dry and well-ventilated area or outside to expedite drying.
- Protect repairable and undamaged items from further damage.
- Move rugs and pull up areas of wet carpet as soon as possible.
- Increase circulation in and around wet areas by opening closet and cabinet doors, moving furniture away from walls and running fans.
- If necessary, remove wallboard and flooring materials to dry out those areas.
- Don't throw away removed or damaged materials until instructed by your insurance company.
- Dry any damp or wet building materials and furnishings within 24- 48 hours.
- Keep all receipts, photos and other relevant documents.
- Contact your insurance company, if applicable.

NOTE: The sooner the affected areas dry out and the source of the leak is repaired, the better your chances of minimizing damage to your property. If the water cannot be removed and the area dried promptly and efficiently, consider contacting a water extraction company for immediate action.

RESOURCES

For additional information, consult the mold and/or indoor air quality resources at the following:

Texas Department of Health
www.tdh.state.tx.us/beh/iaq/
1-800-572-5548

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
www.epa.gov/iaq/
1-800-438-4318

Texas Department of Insurance
www.tdi.state.tx.us/commish/mold.html
1-800-252-3439

WHY ARE MOLDS A CONCERN?

Damage to the Home

It is common to find mold spores in the air inside homes, and on most surfaces including clothes, walls, and furniture. Most of the time mold spores found indoors come from outdoor sources. Routine cleaning of your home and furnishings helps keep these levels low. Cleaning small areas of visible mold, such as mold that may occur around your shower, is necessary to prevent unsanitary conditions.

The level of concern greatly increases when there are large amounts of active mold growth in your home. Large-scale mold problems are most likely to occur when there has been an on-going water leak, a flood, or very high levels of humidity in the home. Indoor mold growth may cause very high levels of airborne mold spores, which, in turn, may cause the spread of mold growth from the original source to other areas of the home where high moisture levels exist. Extensive mold growth can damage your home and belongings, such as carpets, sofas and cabinets. In time, unchecked mold growth can cause damage to the structural elements in your home. While there is no practical way to eliminate all mold and mold spores in the indoor environment, keeping your home clean and dry can prevent extensive mold growth and its related damage.

Health Effects

The vast majority of people are exposed to small amounts of mold or their spores on a daily basis without evident harm. However, mold growing inside a home is an unsanitary condition that may present potential health risks to occupants. Therefore, it is always best to identify and correct high moisture conditions quickly before mold grows and possible health problems develop.

Potential health effects produced by molds may include allergic, irritating, or toxigenic effects, and rarely, infection. Allergic reactions are generally the most common health effect. Typical symptoms (alone or in combination) reported by people living in moldy homes include:

- respiratory problems, such as wheezing, difficulty breathing, and shortness of breath
- sneezing and/or nasal congestion
- eye irritation (itching, burning, watery, or reddened eyes)
- coughing or throat irritation
- skin rashes or irritation
- headaches
- fatigue

The potential health effects depend on the amounts and types of mold present, the length and frequency of exposure, and the sensitivity and health condition of exposed individuals. While many people seldom experience ill effects from mold exposures, some may develop very serious illnesses. Some persons exposed to mold or mold spores may become sensitized and develop allergies to the mold or other health problems. Even "dead" mold (including spores and pieces of mold) may still cause allergy, irritation, or toxigenic reactions. Thus, killing mold without removing the residue may still be a health concern. Complete removal and thorough cleanup of mold is the safest solution.

Individuals at greater risk who may experience more severe symptoms or become ill more rapidly than others include:

- individuals with existing respiratory conditions, such as allergies, asthma, or chemical sensitivities
- individuals with weakened immune systems due to conditions such as HIV infection or cancer treatment
- infants and young children
- the elderly

Anyone with a health problem they believe may be due to mold exposure should consult a medical professional.

Since you cannot remove all food sources for molds, it is important as a homeowner to take sensible precautions to prevent moisture from creating a breeding ground for mold.

MOISTURE CONTROL

- Maintain levels of humidity below 60% (preferably between 30% and 50%) by
 - venting bathrooms, dryers and other moisture-generating sources to the outside
 - avoiding blockage of air conditioning vents
 - using air conditioners and de-humidifiers
 - increasing ventilation by installing additional crawlspace and attic vents, opening windows or installing an air-to-air heat exchanger
 - using exhaust fans when cooking, dishwashing and cleaning
 - avoiding the use of unvented heaters or high heat in confined areas
 - setting the air conditioning thermostat to "auto" to prevent circulation of humid air.
- Add insulation to reduce the potential for condensation on cold surfaces (windows, piping, exterior walls, roof or floors).
- Consider using moisture sensors that sound an audible alarm when a leak occurs.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

- **Water Valve**-Make sure everyone in the household knows where the main valve is located and how to turn the water off.
- **Rain Gutters and Downspouts**-Direct rainwater away from your home. Keep gutters clear and make sure downspouts are long enough to effectively carry water away from your foundation. Gutters that are filled with leaves and other debris allow water to back up on the roof, which can result in water damage to eaves and roofing material.
- **Insulate Pipes and Outside Faucets**-Minimize the potential for water damage from frozen, broken pipes by insulating supply lines (in attic, crawlspaces and exterior walls), protecting exposed outdoor faucets, sealing gaps in exterior walls and maintaining adequate heat in your home.
- **Sump Pump**-The sump pump is the first line of defense in preventing water seepage into basements. Periodically check the sump and remove any debris that could clog the pump. Consider installing a battery-powered backup to protect your basement during power outages.
- **Don't block weep holes**-Weep holes are openings at the foundation level of a brick wall that allow moisture to escape from behind the wall. Do not close or block these openings.
- **Monitor Utility Bills**-An abnormally high water bill could signal a water leak.
- **Before You Travel**-Turn the water off at the main valve or at major appliances. While you are away, consider leaving a house key and contact information with a neighbor or trusted friend and ask the person to check the inside and outside of your home periodically while you are away.

PREVENTION

- Purchase paint with EPA approved mold inhibitors
- Clean bathrooms often with mold killing products and keep surfaces dry
- Do not carpet bathrooms, basements, kitchens or other areas prone to collect moisture
- Repair damages that could lead to water intrusion promptly and properly
- Ensure that the home has adequate ventilation, including exhaust fans in the kitchen and bathrooms

INSPECTION

Inspect your home regularly for the indications and sources of indoor moisture. Establish a maintenance schedule to check the following sources of water leaks on a regular basis. Contact a maintenance or service company with any questions or concerns.

- **Hot Water Heaters**-Over time, these appliances may rust or develop cracks, and the resulting leaks can be very costly. Check your water heater for rust and deterioration every year. Check the drain pan for water and ensure that the drain line for the overflow pan is not clogged. Drain and clean the water heater as recommended by the manufacturer.
- **A/C Drain Lines**-Damage can occur when the line that drains condensation from the evaporator coils becomes clogged and water overflows from the drip pan. To prevent this, periodically check the drip pan for water and consider an annual inspection or service call to reduce the buildup of algae and mold in the drain line.
- **Appliance Hoses**-Broken hoses are among the most common causes of water damage. Regularly inspect hoses and hose fittings on washing machines, icemakers and dishwashers for kinks, cracks, bulges or evidence of deterioration. Replace standard rubber washing machine hoses every two to five years, or more frequently if they are showing signs of water. Consider using steel-reinforced hoses for longer life.
- **Showers, Tubs, Sinks and Toilets**-Water that leaks from around bathtubs, showers, sinks and toilets can cause extensive damage because the leak is often hidden from view. To prevent leaks, make sure you have a continuous watertight seal of caulk around the edges of sinks, toilets, tubs and shower stalls. Cracks or mold on the caulk or on the grout at tiles on walls or shower floors may indicate that you do not have a watertight seal. Remove all caulk or grout, clean and dry the surface thoroughly, and apply fresh caulk. Do not apply new caulk or grout on top of the old materials.
- **Visible Piping**-Routinely check piping under cabinets and sinks for leaks, rust and evidence of deterioration.
- **Waste/Garbage Disposal System**-Routinely check for cracking or other sources of leaks in the waste disposal system.
- **Caulking around Windows, Doors, Penetrations and Cracks**-Windows and doors should have a continuous bead of caulk sealing them to the exterior surface of the home. Penetrations of the exterior walls by pipes, electrical conduit, phone or cable lines, and exhaust ducts should also be caulked. Cracks or mold on the caulk may indicate that you do not have a watertight seal. Remove all caulk, clean and dry the surface thoroughly, and apply fresh caulk. Do not apply new caulk on top of the old caulk.
- **Attic and Ceilings**-Routinely check for wet insulation and water stains.
- **Wallpaper**-Routinely check for bubbling and/or peeling, as well as pink or black stains.
- **Roofs**-Keep roofs free of debris that can damage roofing material and allow water to seep in. Trim tree branches to prevent them from rubbing and damaging the roof. Promptly repair missing or damaged shingles. Properly seal any cracks around chimneys, skylights and vents. Check metal flashing for holes, cracks or other damage. Replace flashing or use silicon caulk to seal any openings.
- **Landscape**-Yards should slope away from the house to prevent puddling near the foundation or under pier and beam houses.
- **Sprinklers and Irrigation System**-Do not allow sprinklers or sprinkler heads to soak the exterior of the home.
- **Check for evidence of water stains or odors, particularly after rains, on areas that could get wet.**

POTENTIAL SIGNS OF MOLD GROWTH

- Unexplained discoloration on any surface
- Musty odor
- Dark spots on or around vents
- Water stains anywhere
- Peeling or curling of vinyl floors or wallpaper



Published by
The Texas Department of Health
The Texas Department of Insurance



cb075.0602





TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®
INFORMATION ABOUT PROPERTY INSURANCE FOR A BUYER OR SELLER

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A. The availability and the affordability of property insurance may affect both the buyer and the seller.

Typically a buyer will seek to insure the property. Most mortgage lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance at or before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end, either of which can impose both inconvenience and cost to both the buyer and the seller.

B. There are a number of factors that affect the availability and affordability of insurance.

- (1) The level of coverage will significantly affect the cost of insurance. There are several levels of insurance coverage. For example:
 - (a) a policy may cover the replacement cost of the improvements and the replacement cost of many personal items in the property in the event of most casualties;
 - (b) a policy may cover only value of the improvements and exclude many casualties; or
 - (c) a policy may cover casualties and costs between the two noted extremes under (a) and (b).
- (2) Coverage levels and prices vary from company to company. There are many insurance companies conducting business in Texas who offer a variety of insurance products at various prices.
 - (a) One insurance company may refuse to insure a particular property or person while another insurance company may elect to do so.
 - (b) One insurance company may charge a significantly lower premium than another insurance company for the same or similar coverage.
 - (c) Generally, each insurance company has specific guidelines by which it prices its insurance policies. The following are examples of criteria that an insurance company may use in evaluating an application for insurance. The criteria vary from company to company.
 - (1) Past claims filed against the property to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
 - (2) Past claims filed by the applicant to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
 - (3) The applicant's insurance credit score.
 - (4) The past relationship between the insurance company and the applicant.
 - (5) The physical characteristics of the property such as condition, age, location, or construction materials.

C. Most insurance companies participate in the Comprehensive Loss Underwriting Exchange (CLUE) and obtain a CLUE report to evaluate the claims history of the property and the applicant.

- (1) Most insurance companies contribute information about claims to an insurance industry database known as CLUE (a registered trademark of Equifax, Inc.). An insurance company obtains a CLUE report when evaluating an application for insurance.
- (2) A CLUE report contains information about the claims history of the property and of the applicant for insurance.
 - (a) The CLUE report contains only data and does not inform the buyer or seller whether insurance is or is not available or at what cost.
 - (b) Insurance companies use the CLUE report in different ways.
 - (c) It is best to speak with an insurance agent with respect to how the information in a particular CLUE report affects the affordability and availability of insurance.

Information about Property Insurance for a Buyer or Seller

- (3) While CLUE reports are generally accurate, there may be errors in the reports.
 - (a) An event may be listed as a claim even though the insurance company did not pay any proceeds (for example, the cost of repair did not exceed the deductible or an inquiry may be incorrectly classified as a claim).
 - (b) Federal law permits a person to challenge inaccurate information. One may contact the administrator of the CLUE report (Lexis-Nexis) to correct information in a CLUE report.
- (4) A property owner may, for a fee, obtain the CLUE report on his or her property through companies such as Lexis-Nexis (<https://personalreports.lexisnexis.com>, 1-866-312-9076), A-Plus (800-709-8842) or other companies, most of whose services are accessible via the Internet. An owner may also contact the Equifax Insurance Consumer Center at 800-456-6004.

D. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property in Texas, the buyer should take the following steps to avoid delays in closing and to avoid additional costs.

If the buyer has the option to terminate the contract, the buyer should make sure that the buyer and the insurance agent have completed the following steps before the option expires.

- (1) Contact one or more insurance agents.
 - (a) The buyer should discuss the various levels of coverage with an insurance agent and ask questions that are necessary so the buyer understands the levels of available coverage.
 - (b) Insurance agents can provide applicants with written summaries of the various coverage levels.
 - (c) Basic summaries are available at the websites noted in Paragraph E.
- (2) **Submit an application** for insurance with the insurance agent of the buyer's choice.
 - (a) Applying for insurance promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property helps avoid surprises or delays in closing the transaction.
 - (b) Prompt application permits the buyer time to evaluate various coverage levels and prices.
 - (c) Delaying the application for insurance may limit opportunities to obtain the most suitable coverage and may limit opportunities to address any unforeseen problems or delays in obtaining coverage.
 - (d) In recent years, many transactions have been delayed or terminated because of problems associated with obtaining insurance.
- (3) Ask for written confirmation from the insurance agent that the insurance company:
 - (a) has received the application;
 - (b) has reviewed the applicant's CLUE report; and
 - (c) has conducted all necessary reviews to issue a policy at the particular price quoted (some insurance companies may ask for specific information or may wish to inspect the property).
- (4) Verify that the insurance coverage the buyer chooses is acceptable to the buyer's lender.

E. If one is not able to obtain insurance at a reasonable price or more information is needed, contact the Texas Department of Insurance (www.helpinsure.com or www.tdi.state.tx.us).

Receipt acknowledged by:



Signature

Signature



For Your Protection: Get a Home Inspection

Why a Buyer Needs a Home Inspection

A home inspection gives the buyer more detailed information about the overall condition of the home prior to purchase. In a home inspection, a qualified inspector takes an in-depth, unbiased look at your potential new home to:

- Evaluate the physical condition: structure, construction, and mechanical systems; Identify items that need to be repaired or replaced; and
- Estimate the remaining useful life of the major systems, equipment, structure, and finishes.

You Must Ask for a Home Inspection

A home inspection will only occur if you arrange for one. FHA does not perform a home inspection. Decide early. You may be able to make your contract contingent on the results of the inspection.

Appraisals are Different from Home Inspections

An appraisal is different from a home inspection and does not replace a home inspection. Appraisals estimate the value of the property for lenders. An appraisal is required to ensure the property is marketable. Home inspections evaluate the condition of the home for buyers.

FHA Does Not Guarantee the Value or Condition of your Potential New Home

If you find problems with your new home after closing, FHA cannot give or lend you money for repairs, and FHA cannot buy the home back from you. Ask a qualified home inspector to inspect your potential new home and give you the information you need to make a wise decision.

Radon Gas Testing

The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General of the United States have recommended that all houses should be tested for radon. For more information on radon testing, call the toll-free National Radon Information Line at 1-800-SOS-Radon or 1-800-767-7236.

Ask your home inspector about additional health and safety tests that may be relevant for your home.

Be an Informed Buyer

It is your responsibility to be an informed buyer. You have the right to carefully examine your potential new home with a qualified home inspector. To find a qualified home inspector ask for references from friends, realtors, local licensing authorities and organizations that qualify and test home inspectors.



HUD-92564 (6/14)



TEXAS REAL ESTATE CONSUMER NOTICE CONCERNING HAZARDS OR DEFICIENCIES

Each year, Texans sustain property damage and are injured by accidents in the home. While some accidents may not be avoidable, many other accidents, injuries, and deaths may be avoided through the identification and repair of certain hazardous conditions. Examples of such hazards include:

- malfunctioning, improperly installed, or missing ground fault circuit protection (GFCI) devices for electrical receptacles in garages, bathrooms, kitchens, and exterior areas;
- malfunctioning arc fault protection (AFCI) devices;
- ordinary glass in locations where modern construction techniques call for safety glass;
- malfunctioning or lack of fire safety features, such as smoke alarms, fire-rated doors in certain locations, and functional emergency escape and rescue openings in bedrooms;
- malfunctioning carbon monoxide alarms;
- excessive spacing between balusters on stairways and porches;
- improperly installed appliances;
- improperly installed or defective safety devices;
- lack of electrical bonding and grounding; and
- lack of bonding on gas piping, including corrugated stainless steel tubing (CSST).

To ensure that consumers are informed of hazards such as these, the Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC) has adopted Standards of Practice requiring licensed inspectors to report these conditions as "Deficient" when performing an inspection for a buyer or seller, if they can be reasonably determined.

These conditions may not have violated building codes or common practices at the time of the construction of the home, or they may have been "grandfathered" because they were present prior to the adoption of codes prohibiting such conditions. While the TREC Standards of Practice do not require inspectors to perform a code compliance inspection, TREC considers the potential for injury or property loss from the hazards addressed in the Standards of Practice to be significant enough to warrant this notice.

Contract forms developed by TREC for use by its real estate license holders also inform the buyer of the right to have the home inspected and can provide an option clause permitting the buyer to terminate the contract within a specified time. Neither the Standards of Practice nor the TREC contract forms requires a seller to remedy conditions revealed by an inspection. The decision to correct a hazard or any deficiency identified in an inspection report is left to the parties to the contract for the sale or purchase of the home.

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for voluntary use by its license holders. Copies of TREC rules governing real estate brokers, salesperson and real estate inspectors are available from TREC, Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>)



TREC Form No. OP-I
TAR 2504

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BUYER

As required by law, I advise you to have the abstract covering the property known as
341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE
SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070 (Address) examined by
an attorney of your own selection OR you should be furnished with or obtain a policy of
title insurance.

If the property is situated in a Utility District, Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code
requires you to sign and acknowledge the statutory notice from the seller of the property
relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness or standby fee of the District.

DATED: _____

RE/MAX REAL PROPERTIES

Brokerage Company Name

ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD

Broker or Sales Associate

I have received a copy of this **NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BUYER.**



Prospective Buyer

Prospective Buyer

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC) for use when a contract of sale has not been promulgated by TREC. The form should be presented before an offer to purchase is signed by the prospective buyer. Texas real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, Texas 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>). TREC Notice to Prospective Buyer. OP-C replaces MA-C.



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

INSPECTOR INFORMATION

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TO: _____ (☒ Buyer ☐ Seller)

FROM: **RE/MAX REAL PROPERTIES** _____ (Broker's Firm)

RE: **341 N STALLION ESTATES DRIVE, SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070** _____ (Property)

DATE: _____

The attached list includes inspectors licensed by the Texas Real Estate Commission and may also include other persons authorized by law to perform certain inspections (for example, termite inspectors, engineers, electricians, or plumbers). The list is not a complete list of all inspectors that may perform inspections. You may also obtain a list from other sources (for example, the local telephone directory or the Internet).

This firm strongly recommends that you hire inspectors to help you evaluate the condition of the Property.

Inspections are of conditions which are present and *visible* at the time of the inspections. Property conditions change with time and use. Inspectors are not likely to point out small problems or defects that are not reasonably observable at the time of inspection. Inspectors will not move furniture, appliances, permanent coverings, or other obstructions. Neither inspectors nor real estate licensees can guarantee future performance of any item.

This firm does not recommend any particular inspector and does not warrant the quality of any inspector's inspection.

It is recommended that you accompany the inspectors during the inspections. You should address any questions about an inspection directly to your inspector.

Real estate licensees are not inspectors by virtue of their real estate licenses.

It may be necessary to make certain arrangements for the inspectors, such as providing access and turning on utilities.

Receipt of this notice is acknowledged and:

- ☐ I choose to hire an inspector.
☐ I choose not to hire an inspector.

Buyer/Seller

Date

(TAR-2506) 01/01/14

Page 1 of 1



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® INFORMATION ABOUT MINERAL CLAUSES IN CONTRACT FORMS

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This form contains general information about mineral estates in published contract forms.

- 1. INTRODUCTION:** Historically, buyers and sellers of property near urban areas have not been concerned about the conveyance or retention of mineral interests. Mineral interests for such properties may have been severed in the past or the value of the mineral interests may have been relatively insignificant. There has historically been little risk that the owner of the mineral interests under property near urban areas could or would access the surface of the property to drill or excavate for minerals (perhaps, because the property was too small to support such activity or because such activity may have been heavily regulated by a city). In recent years, the discovery of large mineral deposits near urban areas and advances in drilling technologies have led to increased exploration and drilling activities in and near urban areas. In turn, buyers and sellers of property in urban and suburban areas have raised questions as to whether it is best to convey or retain all or part of the mineral interests in a particular sale.
- 2. WHO OWNS THE MINERALS?** Owners of property in or near urban areas typically are not aware of the precise extent of the mineral interests they may own. One may own all or only a portion of the mineral interests. Further, the mineral interests may have been leased. Determining who owns the mineral interests, whether the mineral interests have been leased, and who holds rights under any leases requires an expert (such as an oil and gas attorney) to review the chain of title and formulate an informed opinion.
- 3. CONTRACT FORMS:** The residential contract forms promulgated by the Texas Real Estate Commission and the commercial contract forms published by the Texas Association of REALTORS® provide that the seller will convey to the buyer all of the seller's rights associated with the property, including all mineral interests and any rights held under any mineral leases by the seller. If a seller wishes to reserve all or a part of the mineral interests and rights held by the seller in a residential transaction, the seller **must** use the Texas Real Estate Commission's Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas, And Other Minerals (TREC No. 44-2, TAR No. 1905). If the addendum is not attached to the sales contract, the seller conveys to the buyer all of the mineral interests and rights held by the seller at the time of the transaction. In a farm & ranch transaction, the seller may use the TREC promulgated form, but may also use any addendum prepared by an attorney or by either party.
- 4. RESOURCES:** One may find information related to mineral estates and mineral leases through many sources, including but not limited to: (a) the Real Estate Research Center (www.recenter.tamu.edu); and (b) the Railroad Commission of Texas (www.rrc.state.tx.us). There are many other useful sources that one can access via the Internet through most Internet search engines.

The undersigned acknowledge receipt of this notice.

_____ Date

_____ Date

Printed Name: _____

Printed Name: _____



(TAR-2509) 12-15-14

Page 1 of 1



DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIP WITH RESIDENTIAL SERVICE COMPANY

RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS. A residential service contract is a product under which a residential service company, for a fee, agrees to repair or replace certain equipment or items in a property. Co-payments typically apply to most service calls. Residential service companies are licensed and regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission. The extent of coverage and the cost of coverage will vary. Before buying a residential service contract, the buyer should read the contract and consider comparing it with the extent of coverage and costs from several other residential service companies. You may obtain a list of the residential service companies licensed in Texas at <http://www.trec.texas.gov>. **YOU MAY CHOOSE ANY COMPANY.**

THE PURCHASE OF A RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACT IS OPTIONAL. The TREC promulgated residential contract forms contain a paragraph in which the parties may negotiate whether the seller will reimburse the buyer the cost of a residential service contract. The choice of the residential service company and extent of coverage lies with the buyer. **NEITHER A BROKER/SALES AGENT NOR A SELLER MAY CONDITION THE SALE OF A PROPERTY ON THE BUYER'S PURCHASE OF A RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACT.**

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other Broker/Sale Agent will receive no compensation from a residential service company. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Listing Broker/Sales Agent will receive no compensation from a residential service company. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other Broker/Sales Agent receives compensation from the following residential service company | <input type="checkbox"/> Listing Broker/Sales Agent receives compensation from the following residential service company: |

for providing the following services:

for providing the following services:

The compensation is not contingent upon a party to the real estate transaction purchasing a contract or services from the residential service company.

The compensation is the fee for the services that Listing Broker or Other Broker, either directly or through an agent, provides to the company. As required by the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act and HUD Regulation X, any fees paid to a settlement services provider are limited to the reasonable value of services actually rendered.

Other Broker's Name _____ License No. _____

By: _____

RE/MAX REAL PROPERTIES

Listing Broker's Name **494844** License No. _____

By: *Allison Harwood*
ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD

 The undersigned acknowledges receipt of this notice:

Buyer _____

David C Thorman
Seller **DAVID C THALMAN**

Buyer _____

Kathlene Thorman
Seller **KATHLENE THALMAN**

The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use only with similarly approved or promulgated forms or contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate license holders. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not intended for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 936-3000 (<http://www.trec.texas.gov>) RSC-2.

NOTICE REGARDING OAK WILT IN CENTRAL TEXAS

**ADDENDUM TO EARNEST MONEY CONTRACT BETWEEN THE UNDERSIGNED
PARTIES CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT:**

341 N. STALLION ESTATES DRIVE, SPRING BRANCH, TX 78070

THERE MAY BE OAK WILT ON THE PROPERTY THAT YOU ARE ABOUT TO PURCHASE

OAK WILT is one of the most destructive tree diseases in the United States. The disease has killed more than 1 million trees in Central Texas. Oak wilt is caused by the fungus *Ceratocystis fagacearum*. The spores of the fungus invade and clog the tree's water conducting system, call xylem.

Oak wilt has been found in over 60 counties and in almost every city in Central Texas. It can be a problem wherever live oaks tend to be the predominate tree. It does not matter whether they are transplanted or naturally grown. An individual tree's age, size or previous health status does not make it more or less likely to contract or die from oak wilt.

Live Oaks die in the greatest numbers, most often in expanding areas called Oak Wilt Centers. Red Oaks are the most susceptible. They typically die within 2-4 weeks of symptom appearance. Common red oaks are Spanish, Texas, Shumard, Pin, and Blackjack. White oaks are least susceptible. Very few have been identified with oak wilt in Texas. They generally survive for a number of years with the disease. Common White Oaks – Post, Bur, Chinkapin, Monterrey.

OUR EXPERTISE:

- We cannot make representations or guarantees because we are not trained in identifying the condition of trees and their diseases and have no expertise in the area of plant diseases.

THEREFORE, WE RECOMMEND:

- That you take whatever other measure you feel is necessary to satisfy yourself about the condition of the property and its surroundings.
- That you accompany the inspectors and other experts during their inspections and ask any questions you have about the property.

Other Information: If you are concerned or desire additional information, you may call your County Agricultural Extension Service, or if you have access to the internet, go to <http://www.texasoakwilt.org/>

 4-28-2017

Seller Date



Seller Date



Listing Agent Date

Buyer Date

Buyer Date

Buyer's Agent Date