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VIRGINIA FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Introduction:

This forest management plan covers the examination of approximately 3527 acres of forestland in Amelia County, Virginia. Management recommendations are given below. Boundaries and timber type acres were obtained from the use of an existing stand map and aerial photography.

This tract is primarily composed of many different ages of pine plantation from one year old to thirty years old. These stands should be thinned about age 15 and clear-cut between age 30 to 35. All of the stands within this tract contain hardwood drains especially along the Appomattox River. Riparian buffers of 35' will be maintained along Stock Creek and any other perennial stream. A one hundred (100) foot buffer shall be maintained along the approximately 6 mile frontage along the Appomattox River. The Streamside Management Zones (SMZ's) along these areas should be left with only select cutting within 35 feet of the stream bank and no cutting within 50 feet of the Appomattox River bank. A full description of each stand and individual stand recommendations can be found on the following pages.

VIRGINIA FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Landowner: Malcolm L. Bailey & Richard E. Wallace

Stewardship Forest Acres: 3527.23 Total Tract Acres: 3527.23

Location:

Leigh Magisterial District, Amelia County, Virginia

Along southern bank of Appomattox River between Rt. 621 and Rt. 620.

Prepared by: Delmer D. Aylor, Forester

Aylor Consulting Forestry

409 Boyd Street

Chase City, VA 23924

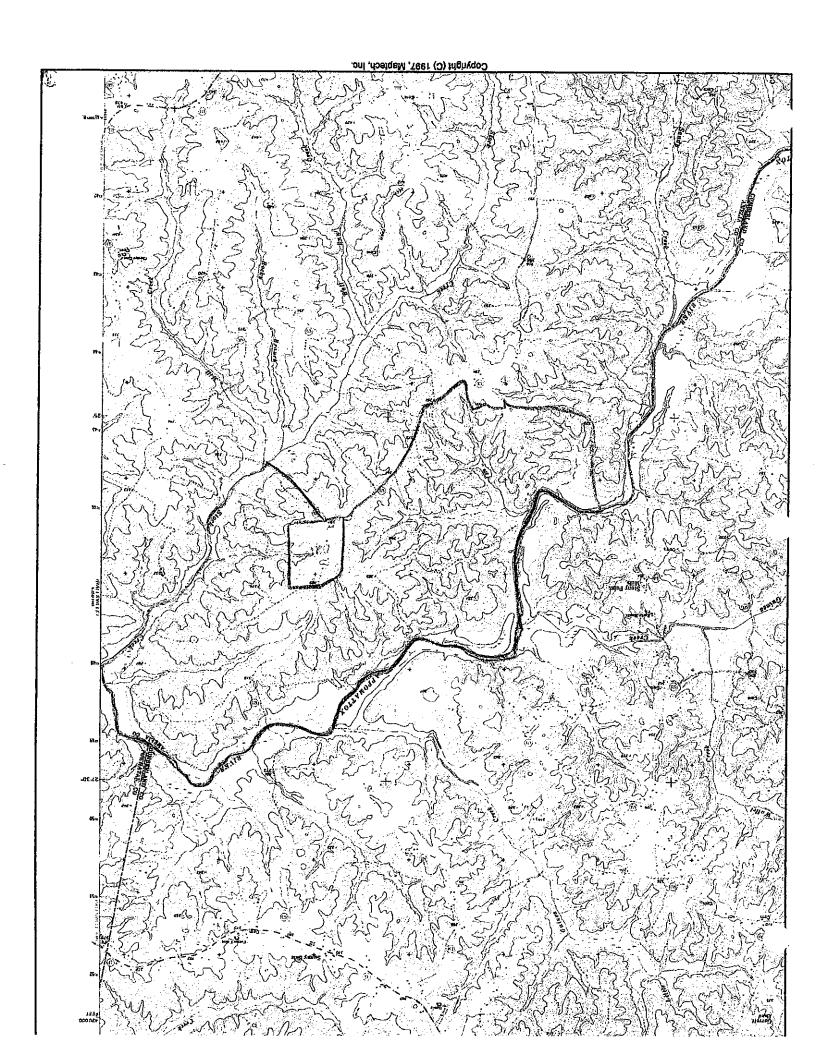
This Forest Stewardship Management Plan was designed to help guide the management activities of the natural resources on your property. The plan is based on your goals in harmony with the environment around you. Project recommendations are for your consideration.

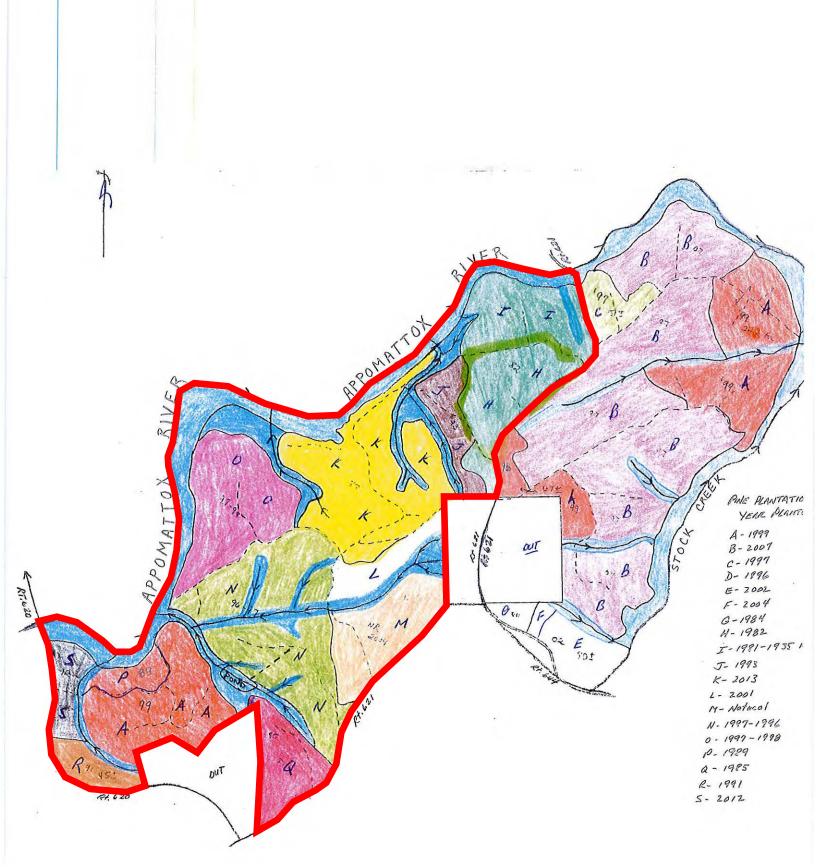
THE GOALS YOU IDENTIFIED FOR MANAGING THE PROPERTY ARE:

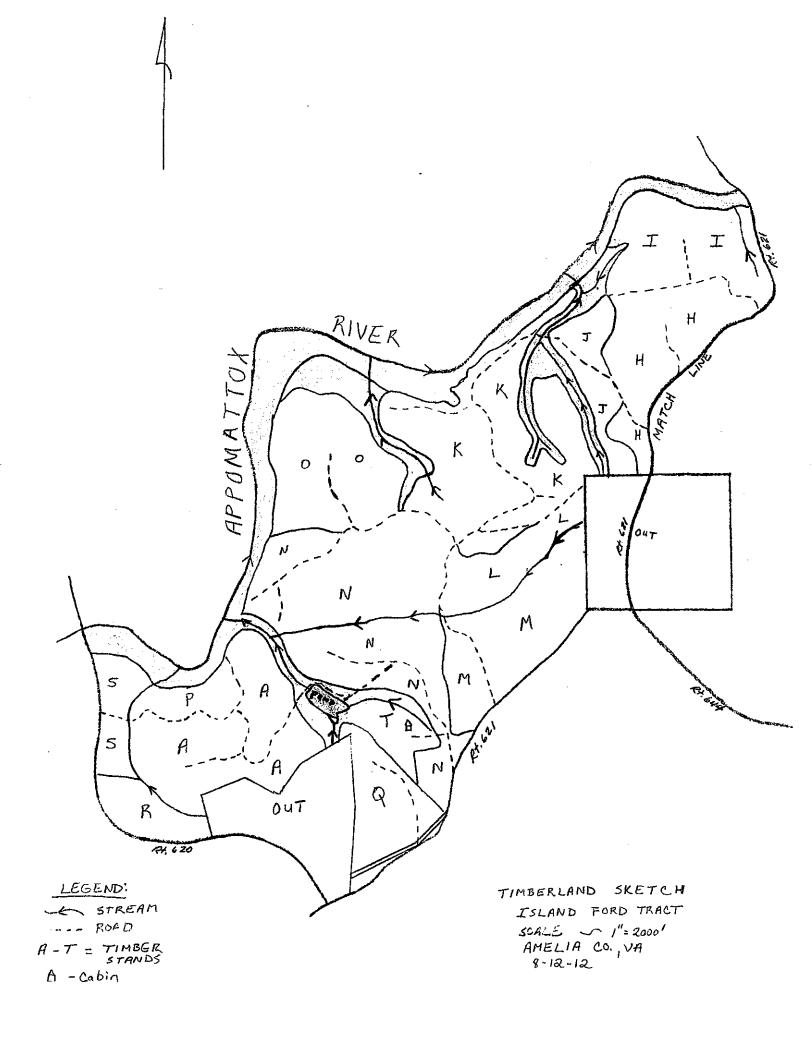
Income producing timber production and real estate investment

The major objectives for this property in priority are as follows:

- 1. Managing timber for income.
- Real estate investment Establish and maintain boundary lines. 2.
- Maintain a scenic forest. After timber is clearcut, site is to be prepared and 3. replanted to Loblolly pine as recommended by the Virginia Department of Forestry.
- Soil and Water Conservation Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be 4. implemented as needed and as specified by the Virginia Department of Forestry. Riparian buffers of 100 feet will be left along the Appomattox River and 35 feet along all perennial streams. Select cutting will be allowed in the buffers but not within 50 feet of the Appomattox River.







STAND A

Acres:

481

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

13

Size:

Good to Excellent

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

400 to 450

Growth Rate:

Good

Soil/Water:

Cecil Fine Sandy Loam, 2 to 7 percent slopes, Wedowee-

Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand A should be left to grow for another 3 to 5 years. A

clear-cut or thinning should be possible at that time.

STAND H

Acres:

141

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

Recently Timbered

Size:

Pulpwood/Sawtimber

Quality:

Good to Excellent

Trees/acre:

191 trees/acre

Growth Rate:

Moderate

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping to gently rolling

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand H is a good quality plantation. This stand could be

harvested at any time or left to grow until a rotation age of

35 years.

STAND I

Acres:

137

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation, Mixed Pine/Hardwood Stand

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine, Virginia Pine, Yellow Poplar, Sweet Gum,

Willow Oak, Red Oak, White Oak, Beech

Age:

30 to 80

Size:

Pulpwood/Chip-N-Saw/Sawtimber

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

200 trees/acre

Growth Rate:

Slow

Soil/Water:

Dogue fine sandy loam, 2 to 7 percent slopes, Wedowee

sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes.

Topography:

Moderately sloping to Flat

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand I is very similar to stand H. It is a mixed stand of pine and hardwood and should be harvested within the next 5 years. This stand could be sold as soon as the markets are

favorable.

STAND J

Acres: 58

Forest Type: Pine Plantation

Species Present: Loblolly Pine

Age: 19

Size: Pulpwood

Quality: Good

Trees/acre: 350 to 450

Growth Rate: Slow

Soil/Water: Winnsboro sandy loam, 7 to 15 percent slopes

Topography: Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat: Good

Recreation/Aesthetics: Good/Fair

Fire Risk: Moderate

Unique Natural Features: None

History: Established Forest

Recommendations: Stand J is a pine plantation that needs to be thinned. If it is

not thinned in the next 2 or 3 years it should be clear-cut

and a new stand planted back.

STAND K

Acres:

280

Forest Type:

Pine plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly pine

Age:

24

Size:

Good

Quality:

Poor

Trees/acre:

350 to 450

Growth Rate:

Slow

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slope

Topography:

Moderately sloping to gently rolling

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Poor

Fire Risk:

Low

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand K will be cut in 2012 and reforested to loblolly pine at a planting rate of at least 600 trees per acre. The recommended site preparation method would be burning.

STAND L

Acres:

53

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

11

Size:

Fair to Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

250 to 350

Growth Rate:

Good

Soil/Water:

Helena Fine Sandy Loam, 2 to 7percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand L should be left to grow for another 5 years. A clear-

cut or thinning should be possible at that time.

STAND M

Acres:

143

Forest Type:

Natural Regeneration Pine

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine, Yellow Poplar, Sweet Gum

Age:

8

Size:

Fair to Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

250 to 350

Growth Rate:

Good

Soil/Water:

Wedowee sandy loam, 7 to 15 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

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None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand M should be left to grow for another 7 to 10 years. A

clear-cut or thinning should be possible at that time.

STAND N

Acres:

278

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

15-16

Size:

Poor

Quality:

Fair

Trees/acre:

300 to 400

Growth Rate:

Poor

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 7 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand N is old enough to thin, however in most places this

timber is not tall enough to thin. It should be checked each

year until the entire stand is ready to be thinned.

STAND O

Acres:

144

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

14-15

Size:

Poor to Fair

Quality:

Fair

Trees/acre:

300 to 400

Growth Rate:

Fair

Soil/Water:

Wedowee sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand O should be left to grow for another 3 to 5 years. It is short and needs several more years of growth. A clear-

cut or thinning should be possible at that time.

STAND P

Acres:

18

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

23

Size:

Fair to Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

350 to 450

Growth Rate:

Good

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 2 to 7 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand P should be thinned or clear-cut along with Stand R.

STAND Q

Acres:

90

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

27

Size:

Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

175 to 200

Growth Rate:

Fair

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand Q was thinned about 10 years ago, however in some places this timber had some storm damage. It should be

clear-cut and reforested within the next 2 or 3 years.

STAND R

Acres:

45

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

21

Size:

Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

300 to 400

Growth Rate:

Slow

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand R should be thinned or clear-cut with stand P

STAND S

Acres:

44

Forest Type:

Pine Plantation

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine

Age:

1

Size:

Small

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

450 to 550

Growth Rate:

Good

Soil/Water:

Dogue fine sandy loam, 2 to 7 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features: None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

Stand S was planted in 2012 and should be checked for a

spray release. It should then be left to grow for about 15

years.

STAND T

Acres:

23

Forest Type:

Hardwood

Species Present:

Red Oak, White Oak, Yellow Poplar, Sweet gum, Hickory

Age:

60-80

Size:

Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

100 to 150

Growth Rate:

Slow

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest which contains the pond and the old

hunting cabin.

Recommendations:

Stand T should be left as a nice hardwood area around the old cabin. This maintains a nice place for a future cabin which would increase the real estate value of the property.

STAND SMZ'S

Acres:

604

Forest Type:

Hardwood/Pine Creek and River Bottom

Species Present:

Loblolly Pine, Willow Oak, Yellow Poplar, Sweet Gum,

River Birch, Sycamore.

Age:

60-100

Size:

Large

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

100 to 150

Growth Rate:

Slow

Soil/Water:

Chewacla silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Topography:

Flat

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established Forest

Recommendations:

SMZ's should be managed with any cutting to follow VA

Dept. of Forestry BMP guidelines previously stated in the

management goals.

STAND ROADS

Acres:

75

Forest Type:

Non-Forest

Species Present:

N/A

Age:

N/A

Size:

Good

Quality:

Good

Trees/acre:

NA

Growth Rate:

NA

Soil/Water:

Wedowee-Poindexter complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes

Topography:

Moderately sloping

Wildlife Habitat:

Good

Recreation/Aesthetics:

Good/Fair

Fire Risk:

Moderate

Unique Natural Features:

None

History:

Established road throughout the tract.

Recommendations:

Each road should be maintained on a regular basis by bush hogging every year. Erosion problems should be addressed with water bars and seeding. A well maintained road system helps with fire retention and timber sales. It also helps to increase the real estate value of the property.