79.52 +/- ACRES

VICTORIA COUNTY PROPERTY DESCRIPTION



Great Homesite or Investment Property!

79.52+/- acres located on FM 236 near the Lake View Subdivision. Excellent investment property or homesite. Terrain throughout the property is varied, with the higher elevations in the center of the main tract having great views of the surrounding countryside - Downtown Victoria is visible in the distance. The northern portion of property has a few small gravel pits that hold water. The lower portion of the land is mostly level and heavily wooded. The ranch is loaded with deer, hogs and other wildlife. The property has great development potential but would also make an excellent home site with plenty of grazing and recreational possibilities.

Minerals are available!

LIST PRICE \$595,650





79.52 +/- ACRES

PROPERTY AERIAL



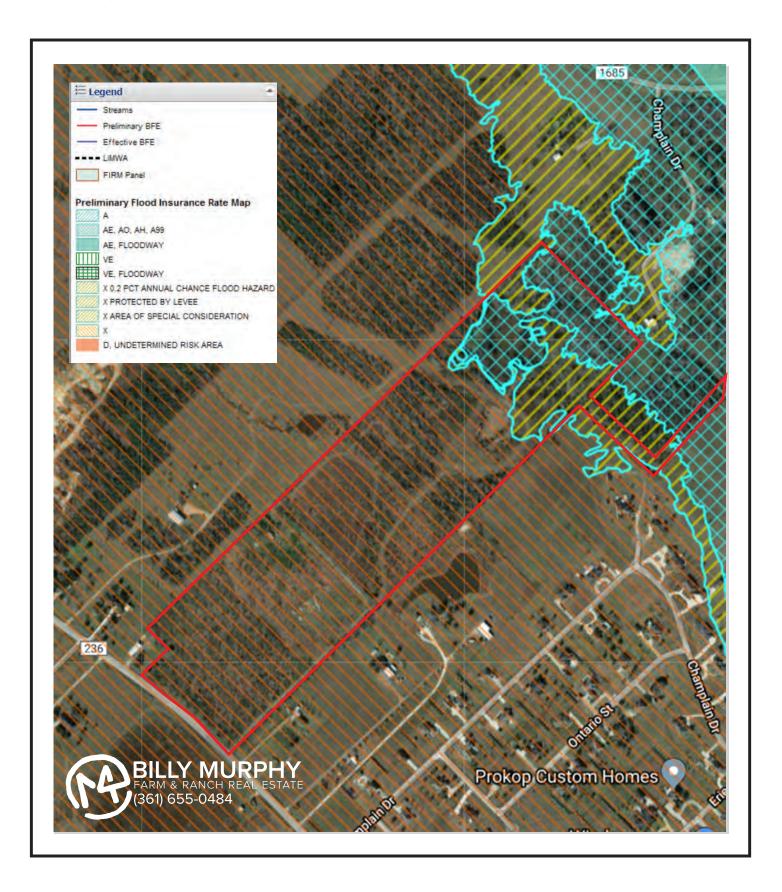
79.52 +/- ACRES

PROPERTY LOCATION



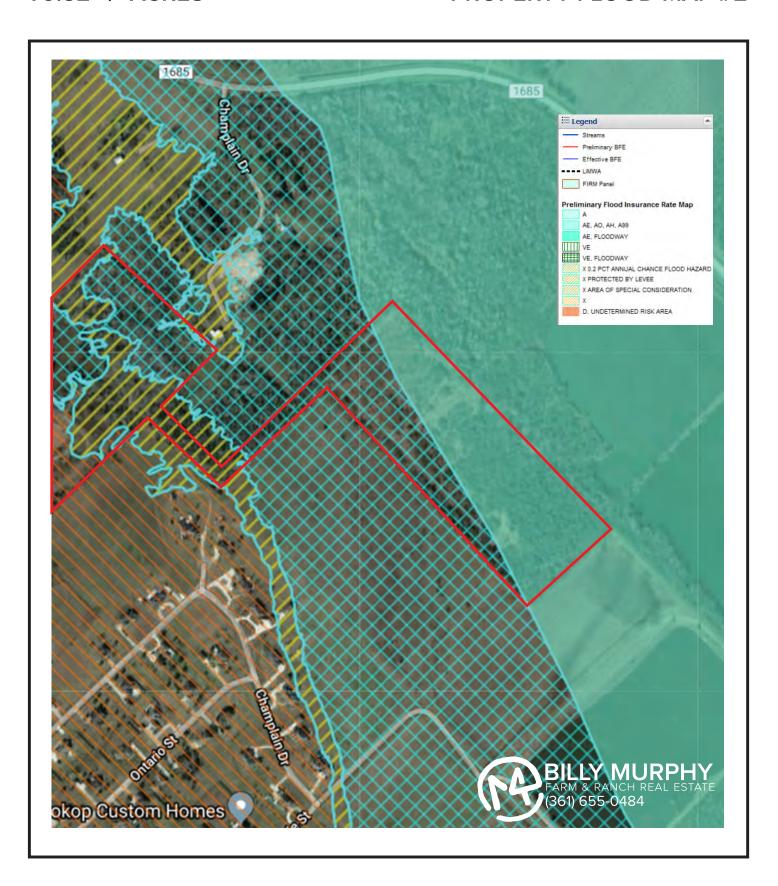
79.52 +/- ACRES

PROPERTY FLOOD MAP #1



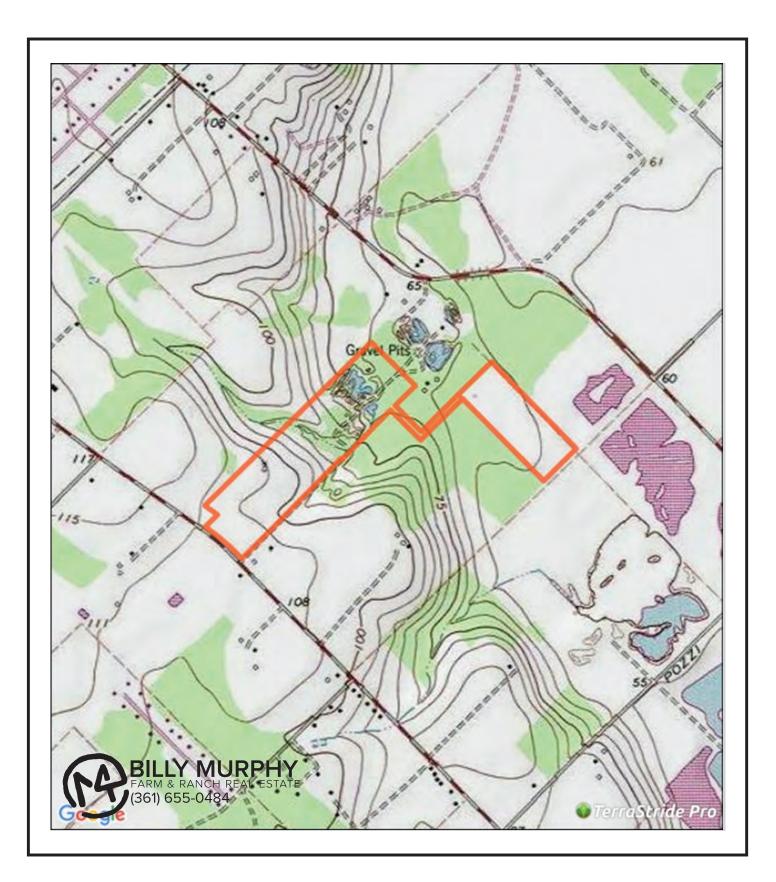
79.52 +/- ACRES

PROPERTY FLOOD MAP #2



79.52 +/- ACRES

PROPERTY TOPO





Natural Resources Conservation

Service

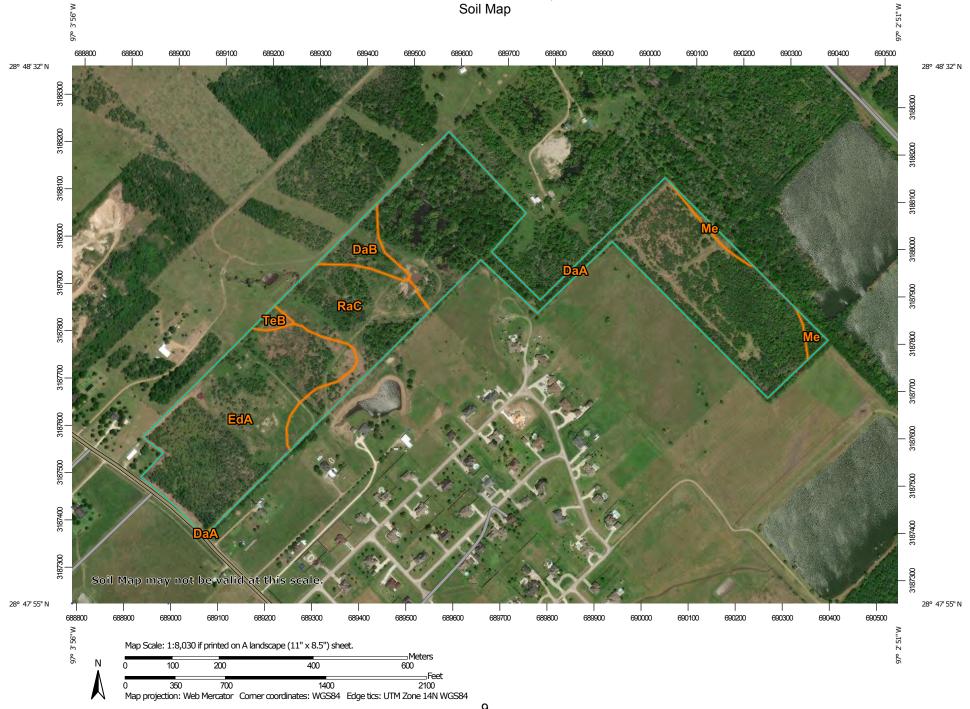
A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Victoria County, Texas

M4 Ranch Real Estate



Custom Soil Resource Report



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

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Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

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Blowout

 \boxtimes

Borrow Pit

Ж

Clay Spot

Gravel Pit

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Closed Depression

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Gravelly Spot

0

Landfill

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Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Ø.

Mine or Quarry

0

Miscellaneous Water

0

Perennial Water

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Rock Outcrop
Saline Spot

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Sandy Spot

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Severely Eroded Spot

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Sinkhole

8

Slide or Slip

Ø

Sodic Spot

LEGEND

8

Spoil Area



Stony Spot
Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



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Special Line Features

Water Features

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Streams and Canals

Transportation

Transp

Rails

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Interstate Highways

US Routes

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Major Roads

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Local Roads

Background

Marie Control

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Victoria County, Texas Survey Area Data: Version 15, Nov 8, 2017

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 28, 2010—Oct 17, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
DaA	Dacosta sandy clay loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	38.0	47.3%
DaB	Dacosta sandy clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	2.8	3.5%
EdA	Edna loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	24.7	30.7%
Me	Meguin silty clay, occasionally flooded	1.2	1.5%
RaC	Runge fine sandy loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	13.0	16.3%
ТеВ	Telferner fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	0.6	0.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		80.3	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it