

# Clearview Dr. (29.62 Acres)

Clearview Dr. (29.62 Acres) Hopkins, South Carolina 29061

## For more information

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## **Property Highlights**

- ±29.62 acres located less than 15 minutes from Columbia
- ±800' of Paved road frontage om Clearview Drive
- Several elevated homesites allowing for excellent views from your front/back porch
- Elevations up to 410'±
- A few cleared areas for homesites or game viewing areas
- City of Columbia Water is along Clearview Drive
- An established road system
- Deer and small game
- Sale Price: \$185,125 or \$6,250 per acre

#### **Property Description**

Homesites

Richland County TMS #R24800-02-22 portion

OFFERING SUMMARY				
Sale Price	\$6,250 / acre			
Lot Size	29.62 Acres			

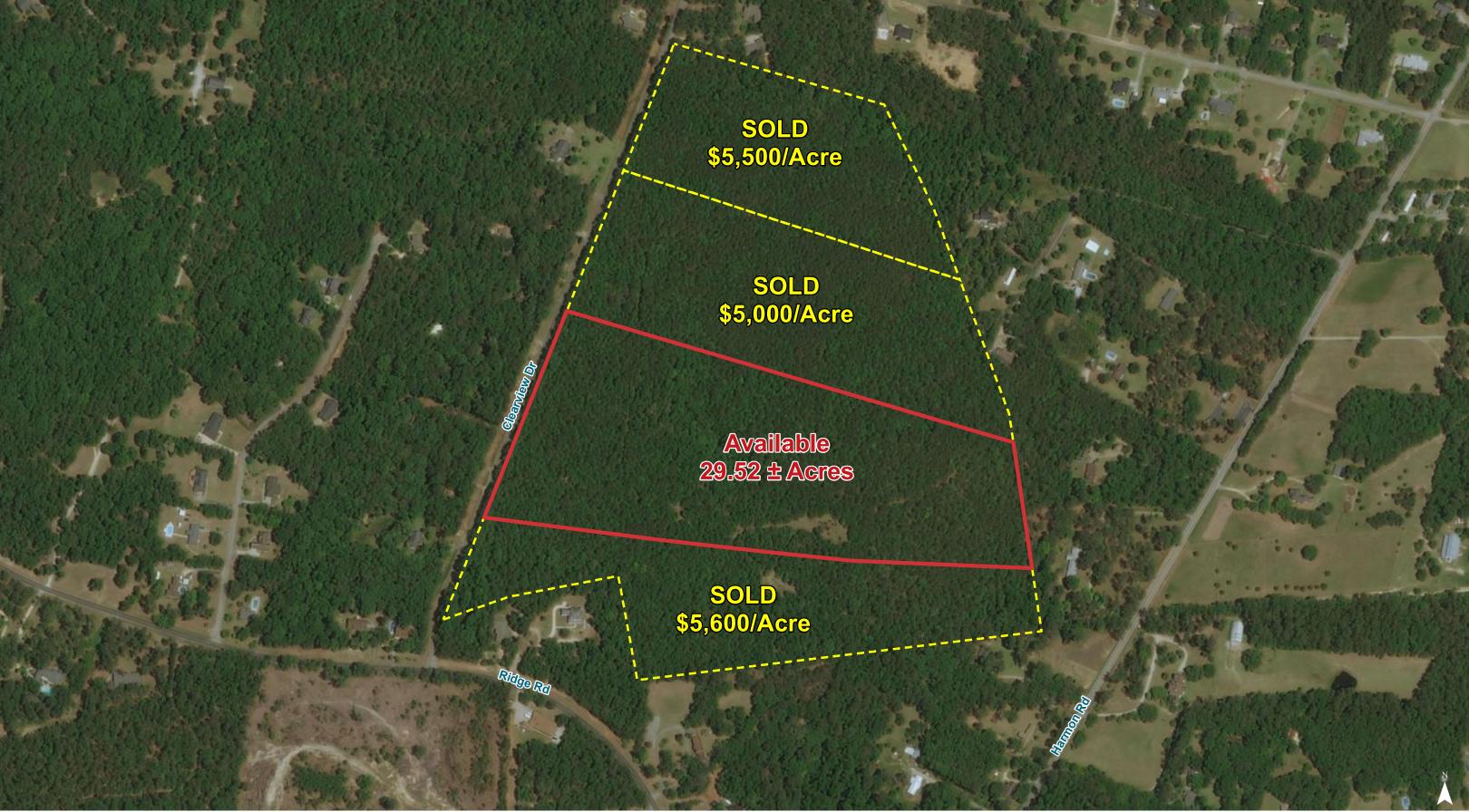
	DEMOGRAPHICS				
	Stats	Population	Avg. HH Income	Total Households	
	1 Mile	584	\$68,064	203	
	5 Miles	20,426	\$63,251	7,307	
	10 Miles	122,918	\$73,850	43,679	



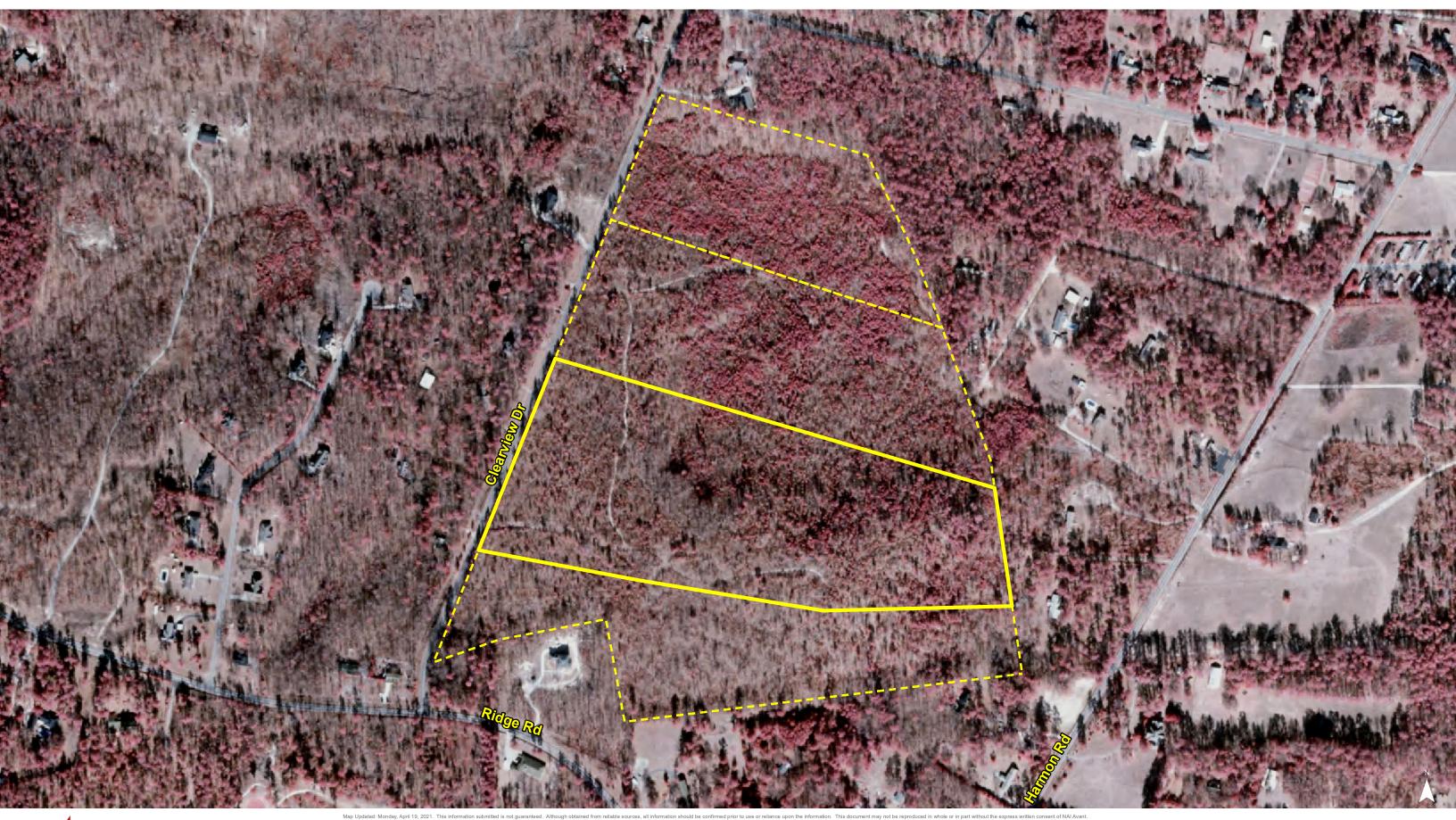
# Location



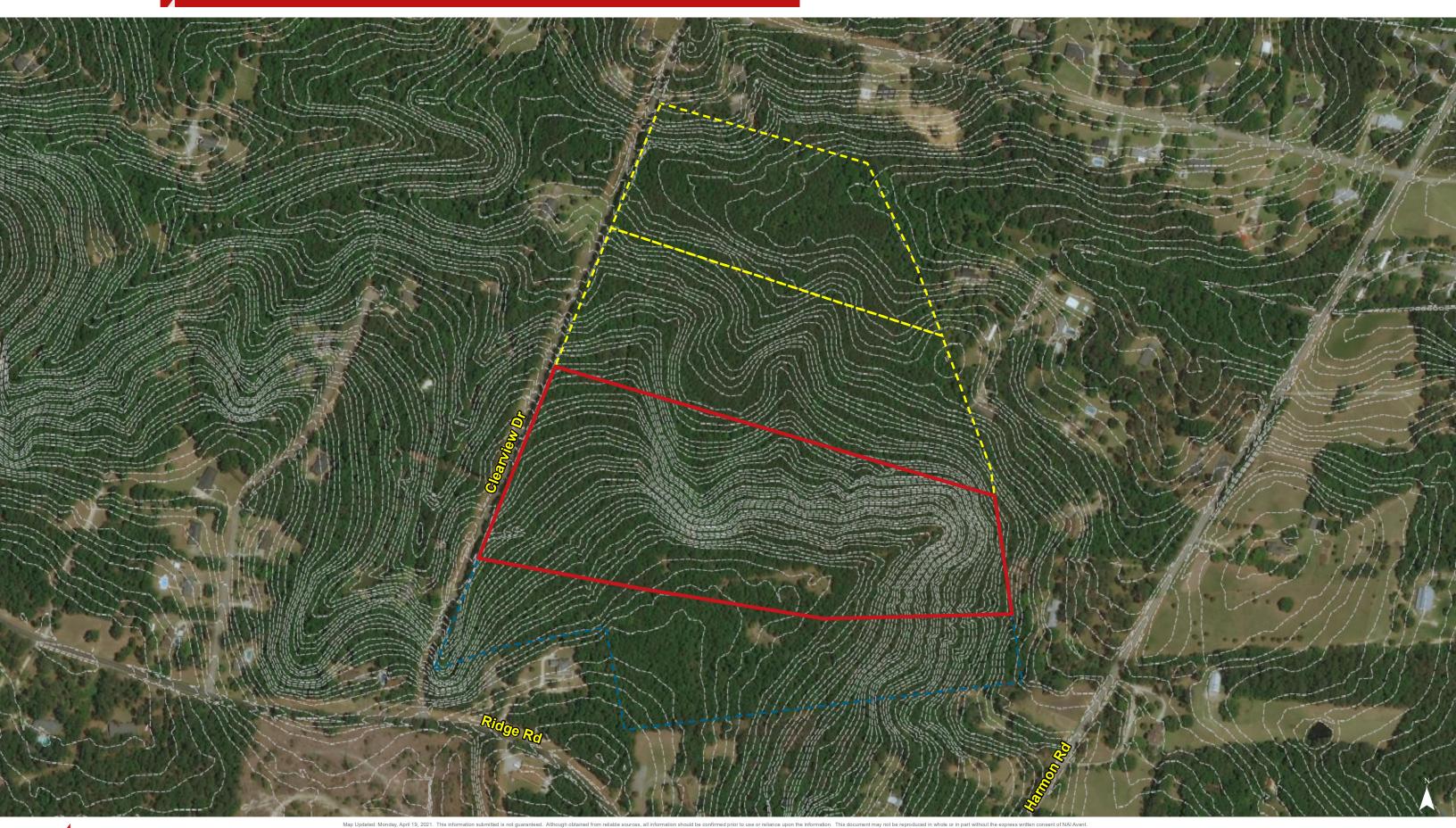




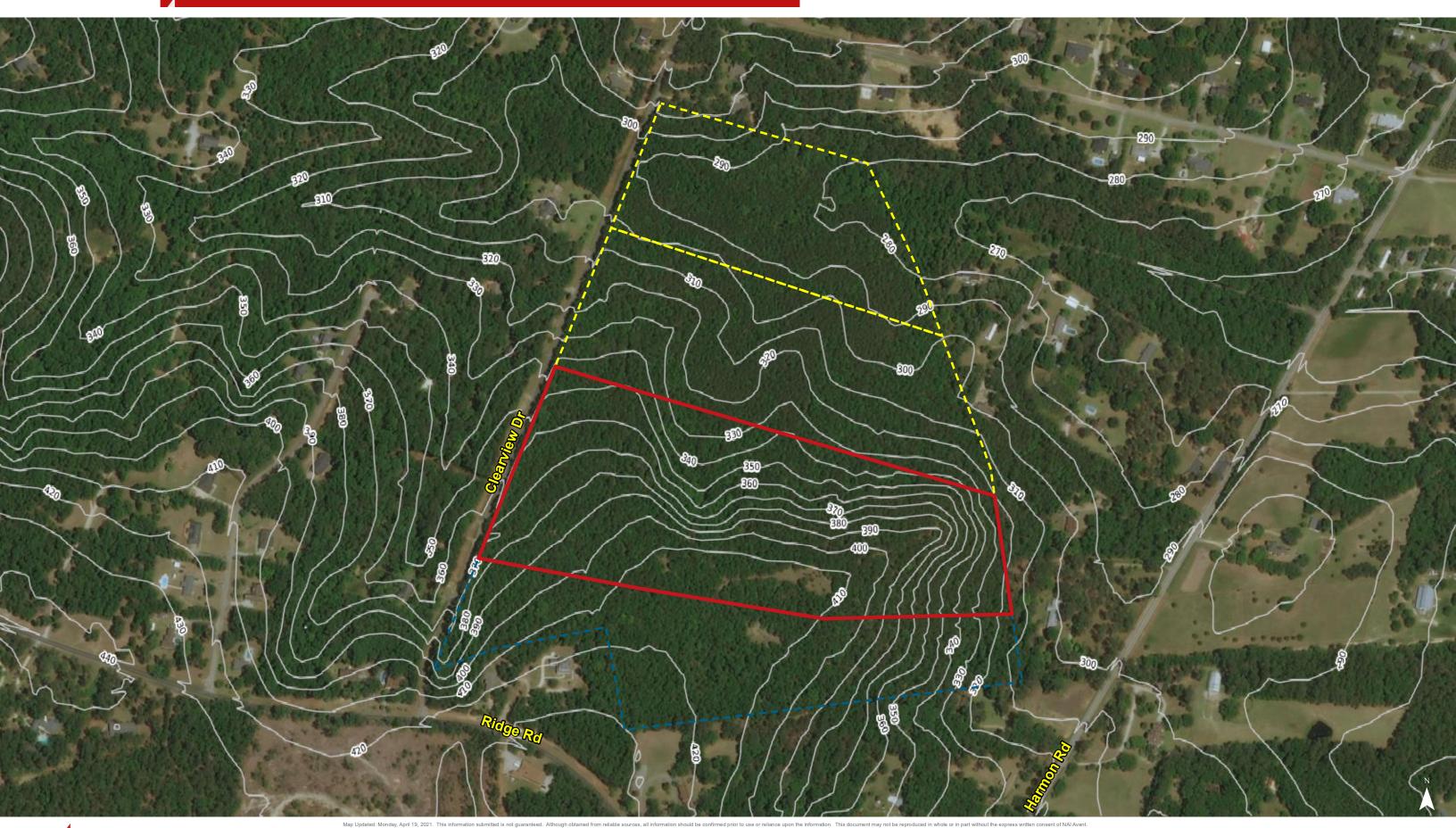






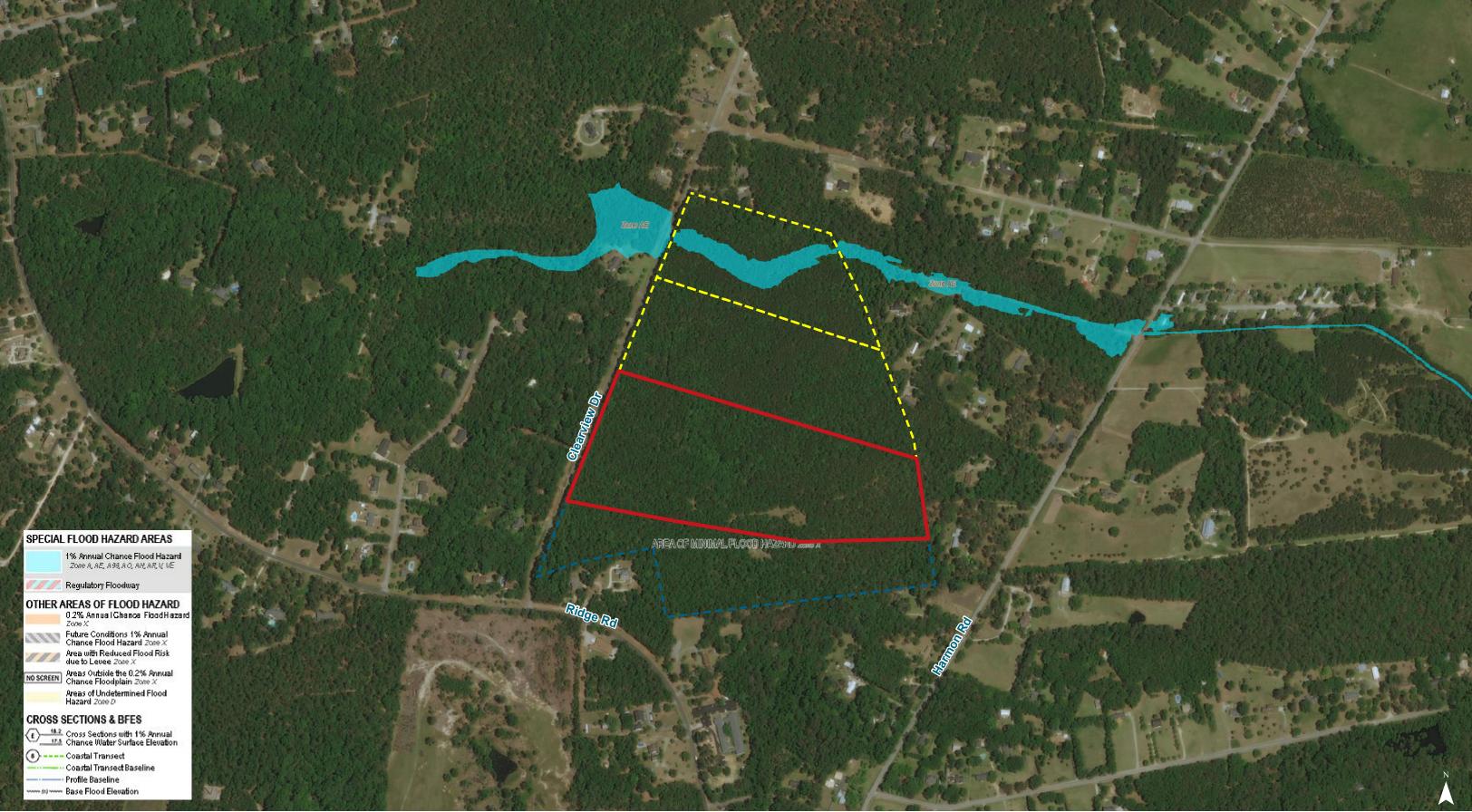






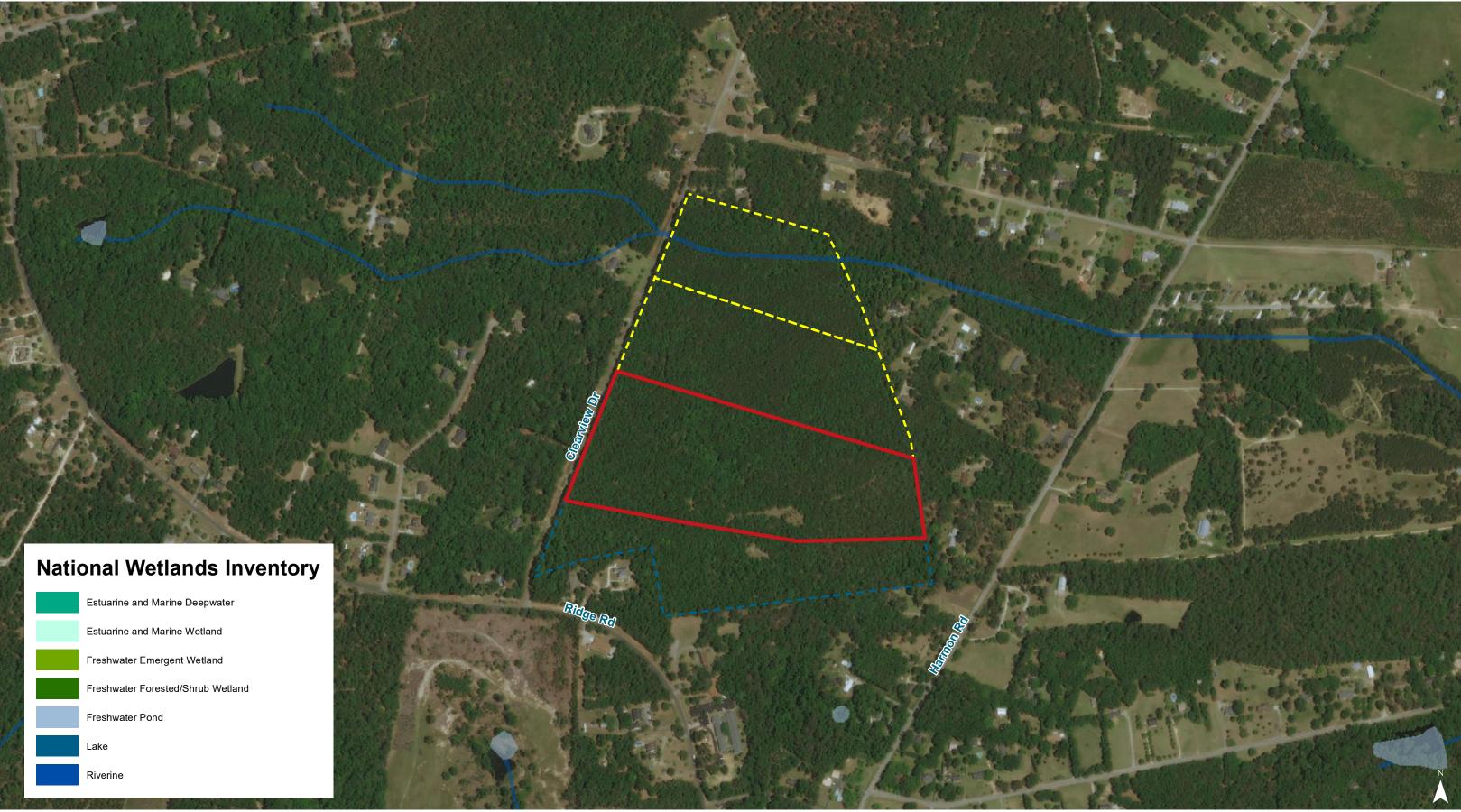


# FEMA Flood Zones

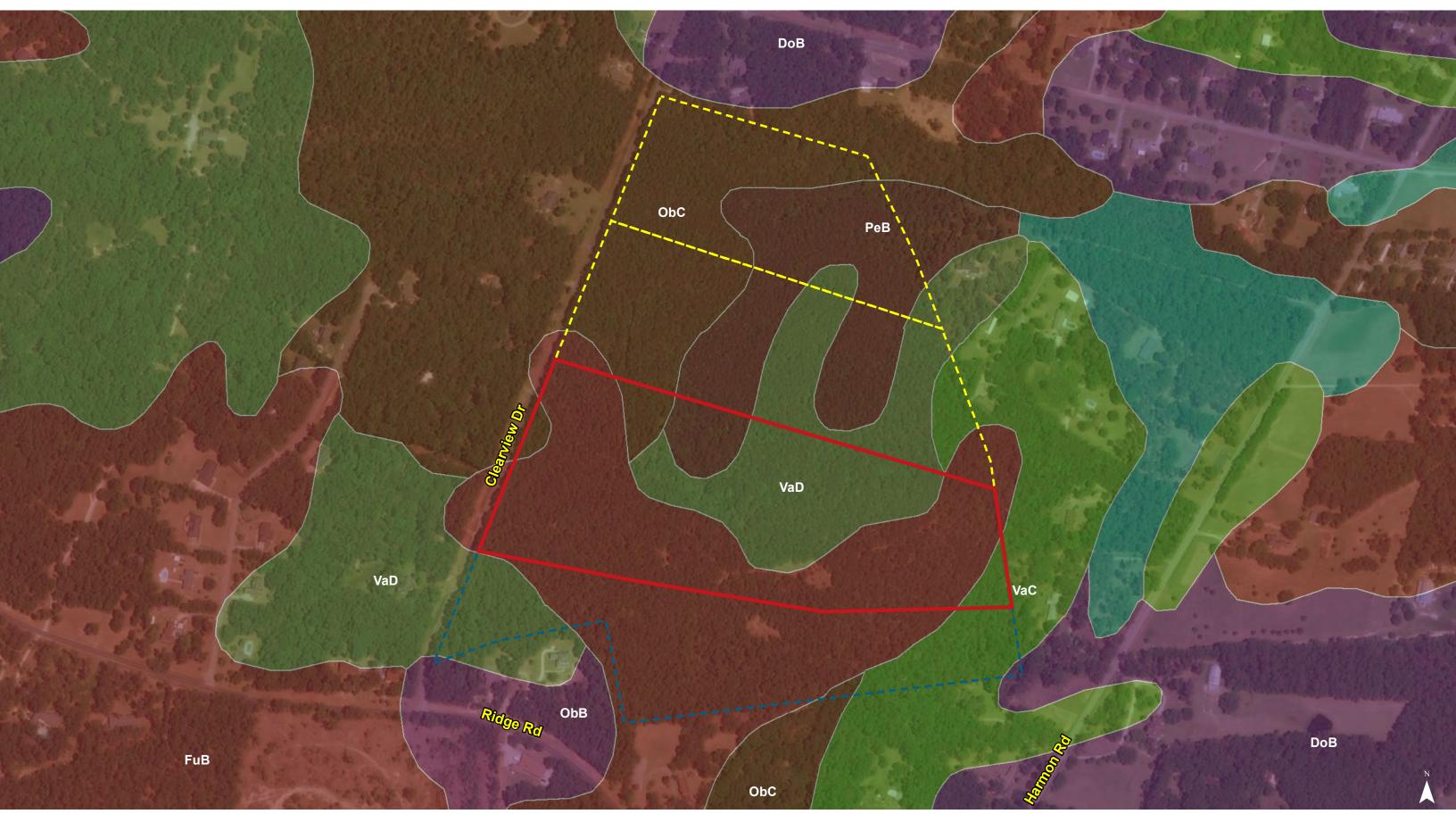




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## **Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)**

Richland County, South Carolina

[Minor map unit components are excluded from this report]

Map unit: BaB - Blanton sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Blanton (100%)

The Blanton component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of sandy and loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 48 inches during January, February, March, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: DoB - Dothan loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Dothan (100%)

The Dothan component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of plinthic loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 36 inches during January, February, March, April. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 0 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: FuB - Fuquay sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

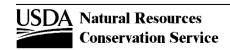
Component: Fuquay (100%)

The Fuquay component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of plinthic loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: ObB - Orangeburg loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Orangeburg (100%)

The Orangeburg component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.



Survey Area Version: 15 Survey Area Version Date: 12/23/2013

#### Richland County, South Carolina

[Minor map unit components are excluded from this report]

Map unit: ObC - Orangeburg loamy sand, 6 to 10 percent slopes

Component: Orangeburg (100%)

The Orangeburg component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 10 percent. This component is on marine terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: PeB - Pelion loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Pelion (90%)

The Pelion component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 12 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: VaD - Vaucluse loamy sand, 10 to 15 percent slopes

Component: Vaucluse (100%)

The Vaucluse component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 10 to 15 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.