

Irrigated Capability Class—Butte Valley-Tule Lake Area, California, Parts of Siskiyou and Modoc Counties
(Don-Lo North)












MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)










 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils



Soil Rating Polygons








 Capability Class - I
 Capability Class - II
 Capability Class - III
 Capability Class - IV
 Capability Class - V
 Capability Class - VI
 Capability Class - VII
 Capability Class - VIII
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines


 Capability Class - I
 Capability Class - II
 Capability Class - III
 Capability Class - IV
 Capability Class - V
 Capability Class - VI
 Capability Class - VII
 Capability Class - VIII
 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points






 Capability Class - I
 Capability Class - II

 Capability Class - III
 Capability Class - IV
 Capability Class - V
 Capability Class - VI
 Capability Class - VII
 Capability Class - VIII
 Not rated or not available


Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails
 Interstate Highways
 US Routes
 Major Roads
 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Butte Valley-Tule Lake Area, California, Parts of Siskiyou and Modoc Counties
Survey Area Data: Version 20, Aug 28, 2024

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 9, 2019—Jun 14, 2019

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Irrigated Capability Class

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
106	Dehill fine sandy loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	4	1.8	0.1%
107	Dehill fine sandy loam, 5 to 15 percent slopes		2.2	0.1%
123	Fordney loamy fine sand, 5 to 15 percent slopes		14.4	0.7%
131	Inlow-Ocho complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4	599.0	28.2%
132	Inlow-Ocho-Modoc complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4	128.7	6.1%
142	Leavers sandy loam, drained, 0 to 5 percent slopes	6	23.3	1.1%
149	Modoc loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4	332.5	15.7%
162	Poman loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4	247.1	11.6%
170	Searles-Orhood complex, 15 to 30 percent slopes		759.9	35.8%
172	Searles-Rubbleland complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes		15.0	0.7%
Totals for Area of Interest			2,123.7	100.0%

Description

Land capability classification shows, in a general way, the suitability of soils for most kinds of field crops. Crops that require special management are excluded. The soils are grouped according to their limitations for field crops, the risk of damage if they are used for crops, and the way they respond to management. The criteria used in grouping the soils do not include major and generally expensive landforming that would change slope, depth, or other characteristics of the soils, nor do they include possible but unlikely major reclamation projects. Capability classification is not a substitute for interpretations that show suitability and limitations of groups of soils for rangeland, for woodland, or for engineering purposes.

In the capability system, soils are generally grouped at three levels—capability class, subclass, and unit. Only class and subclass are included in this data set.

Capability classes, the broadest groups, are designated by the numbers 1 through 8. The numbers indicate progressively greater limitations and narrower choices for practical use. The classes are defined as follows:

Class 1 soils have few limitations that restrict their use.

Class 2 soils have moderate limitations that reduce the choice of plants or that require moderate conservation practices.

Class 3 soils have severe limitations that reduce the choice of plants or that require special conservation practices, or both.

Class 4 soils have very severe limitations that reduce the choice of plants or that require very careful management, or both.

Class 5 soils are subject to little or no erosion but have other limitations, impractical to remove, that restrict their use mainly to pasture, rangeland, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 6 soils have severe limitations that make them generally unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to pasture, rangeland, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 7 soils have very severe limitations that make them unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to grazing, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 8 soils and miscellaneous areas have limitations that preclude commercial plant production and that restrict their use to recreational purposes, wildlife habitat, watershed, or esthetic purposes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher